

ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-4778

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- City of LA Supplement

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- FL Supplement

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DIVISION: 03 00 00—

CONCRETE

Section: 03 16 00— Concrete Anchors DIVISION: 05 00 00—

METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete

Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

SIKA SERVICES AG

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

SIKA ANCHORFIX®-3030 ADHESIVE ANCHORS AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE



1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009, and 2006 International Building Code® (IBC)
- 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009, and 2006 International Residential Code® (IRC)

Property evaluated:

■ Structural

2.0 USES

The Sika AnchorFix $^{\circ}$ -3030 Adhesive Anchors are used as anchorage and the Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections are used as reinforcing bar connections (for development length and splice length) to resist static, wind or earthquake (Seismic Design Categories A through F) tension and shear loads in cracked and uncracked, normal-weight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f_{c} , of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

The anchors comply with anchors as described in Section 1901.3 of the 2018 and 2015 IBC, Section 1909 of the 2012 IBC, and are an alternative to cast-in-place anchors described in Section 1908 of the 2012 IBC, and Sections 1911 and 1912 of the 2009 and 2006 IBC. The anchors may also be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC.

The post-installed reinforcing bar connections are an alternative to cast-in-place reinforcing bars governed by ACI 318 and IBC Chapter 19.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 General:

The Sika AnchorFix[®]-3030 Anchor System is comprised of the following:

- Sika AnchorFix®-3030 adhesive packaged in cartridges
- Adhesive mixing and dispensing equipment
- Equipment for cleaning holes and injecting adhesive



The Sika AnchorFix®-3030 adhesive is used with continuously threaded steel rods or deformed steel reinforcing bars. Installation information, guidelines and parameters are shown in <u>Tables 1</u>, <u>17</u>, <u>18</u>, and <u>19</u> of this report.

The manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII), included with each adhesive cartridge unit, are shown in Figure 3 of this report.

3.2 Materials:

- **3.2.1 Sika AnchorFix®-3030 Adhesive:** Sika AnchorFix®-3030 adhesive is a two-component (resin and hardener) epoxy-based adhesive, supplied in dual chamber cartridges separating the chemical components, which are combined in a 3:1 ratio by volume when dispensed through the system static mixing nozzle. The Sika AnchorFix®-3030 is available in 385 ml (13 fl. oz.), and 585 ml (19.8 fl. oz.) cartridges. The shelf life of Sika AnchorFix®-3030 is two years, when stored in the manufacturer's unopened containers at temperatures between 50°F (10 °C) and 77°F (25°C).
- **3.2.2 Dispensing Equipment:** Sika AnchorFix[®]-3030 adhesive must be dispensed using pneumatic or manual actuated dispensing tools listed in <u>Table 19</u> of this report.
- **3.2.3** Hole Preparation Equipment: The holes must be cleaned with hole-cleaning brushes and air nozzles. The brush must be the appropriate size brush shown in <u>Tables 17</u> and <u>18</u> of this report, and the air nozzle must be equipped with an extension capable of reaching the bottom of the drilled hole and having an inside bore diameter of not less than $^{1}/_{4}$ inch (6 mm). The holes must be prepared in accordance with the installation instructions shown in <u>Figure 3</u> of this report.

3.2.4 Steel Anchor Elements:

- **3.2.4.1** Threaded Steel Rod: Threaded anchor rods must be clean, continuously threaded rods (all-thread) in diameters and types as described in <u>Tables 2</u> and <u>4</u> of this report. Steel design information for the common grades of threaded rod is provided in <u>Tables 2</u> and <u>4</u>. Carbon steel threaded rods may be furnished with a zinc electroplated coating or hot-dipped galvanized, or may be uncoated. Threaded steel rods must be straight and free of indentations or other defects along their length.
- **3.2.4.2 Steel Reinforcing Bars for Post-Installed Anchors:** Steel reinforcing bars must be deformed bars (rebar). <u>Tables 3</u> and <u>4</u> summarize reinforcing bar size ranges, specifications, and grades. The embedded portions of reinforcing bars must be straight, and free of mill scale, rust and other coatings or substances that may impair the bond with the adhesive. Reinforcing bars must not be bent after installation except as set forth in ACI 318-14 26.6.3.1(b) or ACI 318-11 7.3.2, as applicable, with the additional condition that the bars must be bent cold, and heating of reinforcing bars to facilitate field bending is not permitted.
- **3.2.4.3 Ductility:** In accordance with ACI 318-14 2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.1, as applicable, in order for a steel element to be considered ductile, the tested elongation must be at least 14 percent and the reduction of area must be at least 30 percent. Steel elements with a tested elongation of less than 14 percent or a reduction of area less than 30 percent, or both, are considered brittle. Values for various steel materials are provided in Tables 2 through 4 of this report. Where values are nonconforming or unstated, the steel must be considered brittle.
- **3.2.5 Steel Reinforcing Bars for Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections:** Steel reinforcing bars used in post-installed reinforcing bar connections are deformed reinforcing bars (rebar). <u>Tables 15</u> and <u>16</u> in this report provide additional details for reinforcing bar connections. The embedded portions of reinforcing bars must be straight, and free of mill scale, rust, mud, oil, and other coatings that may impair the bond with adhesive. Reinforcing bars must not be bent after installation, except as set forth in ACI 318-14 Section 26.6.3.1 (b) or ACI 318-11 Section 7.3.2, as applicable, with the additional condition that the bars must be bent cold, and heating of reinforcing bars to facilitate field bending is not permitted.

3.3 Concrete:

Normal-weight concrete must comply with Sections 1903 and 1905 of the IBC, as applicable. The specified compressive strength of the concrete must be from 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Strength Design of Post-Installed Anchors:

4.1.1 General: The design strength of anchors complying with the 2018 and 2015 IBC, as well as the 2018 and 2015 IRC must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 and this report. The design strength of anchors complying with the 2012, 2009, and 2006 IBC, as well as the 2012, 2009, and 2006 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 and this report.

The strength design of anchors must comply with ACI 318-14 17.3.1 or ACI 318-11 D.4.1, as applicable, except as required in ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable.

A design example in accordance with the 2012 IBC is given in Figure 4 of this report.

Design parameters are provided in <u>Tables 2</u> through <u>14</u> of this report. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as described in ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.2 of the IBC or ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , described in ACI 318-11 Section D.4.4 must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Appendix C of ACI 318-11.

- **4.1.2 Static Steel Strength in Tension:** The nominal static steel strength of a single anchor in tension, $N_{\rm sa}$, in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.1.2, as applicable, and the associated strength reduction factor, ϕ , in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 314-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are provided in Tables 2, 3, and 4 for the anchor element types included in this report.
- **4.1.3 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension:** The nominal static concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in tension, N_{cb} or N_{cbg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2, as applicable, with the following addition:

The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in tension, N_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2, as applicable, using the selected values of $k_{c,cr}$ and $k_{c,uncr}$ as provided in the tables of this report. Where analysis indicates no cracking in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.6, as applicable, N_b must be calculated using $k_{c,uncr}$ and $\Psi_{c,N}$ = 1.0. For anchors in lightweight concrete see ACI 318-14 17.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.3.6, as applicable. The value of f_c used for calculation must be limited to 8,000 psi (55 MPa) in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable. Additional information for the determination of nominal bond strength in tension is given in Section 4.1.4 of this report.

4.1.4 Static Bond Strength in Tension: The nominal static bond strength of a single adhesive anchor or group of adhesive anchors in tension, N_a or N_{ag} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5.5, as applicable. Bond strength values are a function of the concrete condition, whether the concrete is cracked or uncracked, the concrete temperature range, and the installation conditions (dry or water-saturated concrete, water-filled holes). The resulting characteristic bond strength shall be multiplied by the associated strength reduction factor ϕ_{nn} as follows corresponding to the level of special inspection provided:

CONCRETE STATE	DRILLING METHOD	PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS	BOND STRENGTH	ASSOCIATED STRENGTH REDUCTION FACTOR
		Dry concrete	Tk,cr	$\phi_{ extsf{d}}$
Cracked	acked Hammer-drill Water-saturated concrete Water-filled hole	Tk,cr	φws	
		Water-filled hole (flooded)	Tk,cr	фwf
		Dry concrete	T _{k,uncr}	φ _d
Uncracked	Hammer- drill	Water-saturated concrete	Tk,uncr	φws
		Water-filled hole (flooded)	Tk,uncr	фwf

<u>Figure 1</u> of this report presents a bond strength design selection flowchart. Strength reduction factors for determination of the bond strength are given in <u>Tables 7</u> through <u>14</u> of this report.

- **4.1.5 Static Steel Strength in Shear:** The nominal static strength of a single anchor in shear as governed by the steel, V_{sa} , in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.1.2, as applicable, and strength reduction factors, ϕ , in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, are given in Tables 2 through 4 of this report for the anchor element types included in this report.
- **4.1.6 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear:** The nominal concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2, as applicable, based on information given in <u>Tables 5</u> and <u>6</u> of this report. The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in shear, V_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2.2, as applicable, using the values of *d* given in <u>Tables 2</u> through <u>4</u> for the corresponding

anchor steel in lieu of d_a (2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC) and d_o (IBC 2006). In addition, h_{ef} must be substituted for ℓ_e . In no case shall ℓ_e exceed 8d. The value of f_o must be limited to a maximum of 8,000 psi (55 MPa), in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 Section D.3.7, as applicable.

- **4.1.7 Static Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear:** The nominal static pryout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 D.6.3, as applicable.
- **4.1.8 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces:** For designs that include combined tension and shear forces, the interaction of the tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.6 or ACI 318-11 Section D.7, as applicable.
- **4.1.9 Minimum Member Thickness,** h_{min} , **Anchor Spacing,** s_{min} , and **Minimum Edge Distance,** c_{min} : In lieu of ACI 318-14 17.7.1 and 17.7.3 or ACI 318-11 D.8.1 and D.8.3, as applicable, values of s_{min} and c_{min} described in this report must be observed for anchor design and installation. The minimum member thickness, h_{min} , described in this report must be observed for anchor design and installation. For adhesive anchors that will remain untorqued, ACI 318-14 17.7.4 or ACI 318-11 D.8.4, as applicable, applies.
- **4.1.10 Critical Edge Distance** c_{ac} and $\psi_{cp,Na}$: The modification factor $\psi_{cp,Na}$, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.5.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5.5.5, as applicable, except as noted below:

For all cases where c_{Na}/c_{ac} <1.0, $\psi_{cp,Na}$ determined from ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.5.5b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-27, as applicable, need not be taken less than c_{Na}/c_{ac} . For all other cases, $\psi_{cp,Na}$ shall be taken as 1.0.

The critical edge distance, c_{ac} , must be calculated according to Eq. 17.4.5.5c for ACI 318-14 or Eq. D-27a for ACI 318-11, in lieu of ACI 318-14 17.7.6 or ACI 318-11 D.8.6, as applicable.

$$c_{ac} = h_{ef} \cdot \left(\frac{\tau_{k, uncr}}{1160}\right)^{0.4} \cdot \left[3.1 - 0.7 \frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right]$$

(Eq. 17.4.5.5c for ACI 318-14 or Eq. D-27a for ACI 318-11)

where

 $\left[\frac{h}{h_{rel}}\right]$ need not be taken as larger than 2.4; and

 $\tau_{k,uncr}$ = the characteristic bond strength stated in the tables of this report whereby $\tau_{k,uncr}$ need not be taken as larger than:

$$au_{k,uncr} = rac{k_{uncr}\sqrt{h_{ef}f_c'}}{\pi \cdot d_a}$$
 Eq. (4-1)

4.1.11 Design Strength in Seismic Design Categories C, D, E and F: In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, anchors must be designed in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.3.3, as applicable, except as described below.

The nominal steel shear strength, V_{sa} , must be adjusted by $\alpha_{V,seis}$ as given in <u>Tables 2</u> through <u>4</u> of this report for the corresponding anchor steel.

As an exception to ACI 318-11 Section D.3.3.4.2: Anchors designed to resist wall out-of-plane forces with design strengths equal to or greater than the force determined in accordance with ASCE 7 Equation 12.11-1 or 12.14-10 shall be deemed to satisfy ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(d).

Under ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(d), in lieu of requiring the anchor design tensile strength to satisfy the tensile strength requirements of ACI 318-11 D.4.1.1, the anchor design tensile strength shall be calculated from ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.4.

The following exceptions apply to ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.2:

- 1. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching wood sill plates of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame wood structures to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:
 - 1.1. The allowable in-plane shear strength of the anchor is determined in accordance with AF&PA NDS Table 11E for lateral design values parallel to grain.
 - 1.2. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is ⁵/₈ inch (16 mm).
 - 1.3. Anchor bolts are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).



- 1.4. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of $1^{3}/_{4}$ inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the wood sill plate.
- 1.5. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the wood sill plate.
- 1.6. The sill plate is 2-inch or 3-inch nominal thickness.
- 2. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching cold-formed steel track of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame construction to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:
 - 2.1. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is 5/8 inch (16 mm).
 - 2.2. Anchors are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).
 - 2.3. Anchors are located a minimum of $1^{3}/_{4}$ inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the track.
 - 2.4. Anchors are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the track.
 - 2.5. The track is 33 to 68 mil designation thickness.

Allowable in-plane shear strength of exempt anchors, parallel to the edge of concrete shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with AISI S100 Section E3.3.1.

3. In light-frame construction, bearing or nonbearing walls, shear strength of concrete anchors less than or equal to 1 inch [25 mm] in diameter attaching a sill plate or track to foundation or foundation stem wall need not satisfy ACI 318-11 D.3.3.5.3(a) through (c) when the design strength of the anchors is determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.6.2.1(c).

4.2 Strength Design of Post-Installed Reinforcing Bars:

- **4.2.1 General:** The design of straight post-installed deformed reinforcing bars must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 rules for cast-in-place reinforcing bar development and splices and this report.
- **4.2.2 Determination of Bar Development Length** I_d : Values of I_d must be determined in accordance with the ACI 318 development and splice length requirements for straight cast-in-place reinforcing bars.

Exceptions:

- 1. For uncoated and zinc-coated (galvanized) post-installed reinforcing bars, the factor Ψ_e shall be taken as 1.0. For all other cases, the requirements in ACI 318-14 Table 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 Section 12.2.4 (b) shall apply.
- 2. When using alternate methods to calculate the development length (e.g. anchor theory), the applicable factors for post-installed anchors generally apply.
- **4.2.3 Minimum Member Thickness**, h_{min} , **Minimum Concrete Cover**, $c_{c,min}$, **Minimum Concrete Edge Distance**, $c_{b,min}$, **Minimum Spacing**, $s_{b,min}$: For post-installed reinforcing bars, there is no limit on the minimum member thickness. In general, all requirements on concrete cover and spacing applicable to straight cast-in-bars designed in accordance with ACI 318 shall be maintained.

For post-installed reinforcing bars installed at embedment depths greater than 20d ($h_{ef} > 20d$), the minimum concrete cover shall be as follows:

REBAR SIZE	MINIMUM CONCRETE COVER, Cc,min
<i>d</i> _b ≤ No. 6	1 ¹ / ₈ in.
No. $6 < d_b \le No. 10$	2.3 in.

The following requirements apply for minimum concrete edge and spacing for $h_{ef} > 20d$:

Required minimum edge distance for post-installed reinforcing bars (measured from the center of the bar):

$$c_{b,min} = \frac{d_o}{2} + c_{c,min}$$

Required minimum center-to-center spacing between post-installed bars:

$$s_{b,min} = d_o + c_{c,min}$$

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Required minimum center-to-center spacing from existing (parallel) reinforcing:

$$s_{b,min} = \frac{d_o}{2} (existing reinforcing) + \frac{d_o}{2} + c_{c,min}$$

4.2.4 Design Strength in Seismic Design Categories C, D, E and F: In structures assigned to Seismic Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, design of straight post-installed reinforcing bars must take into account the provisions of ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21, as applicable. The value of f_c to be used in ACI 318-14 25.4.2.2, 25.4.2.3, and 25.4.9.2, or ACI 318-11 Section 12.2.2, 12.2.3, and 12.3.2, as applicable, calculations shall not exceed 2,500 psi for post-installed reinforcing bar applications in SDCs C, D, E and F.

4.3 Allowable Stress Design (ASD):

4.3.1 General: For anchors designed using load combinations calculated in accordance with IBC Section 1605.3 (Allowable Stress Design), allowable loads must be established using the following relationships:

 $T_{allowable,ASD} = \phi N_n/\alpha$ Eq. (4-2) Eq. (4-3) $V_{allowable,ASD} = \phi V_n/\alpha$

where

 $T_{allowable,ASD}$ = Allowable tension load (lbf or kN)

 $V_{allowable,ASD}$ = Allowable shear load (lbf or kN)

 ϕN_n = The lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in tension as determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 and 2018 and 2015 IBC Section 1905.1.8; ACI 318-11 Appendix D as amended in this report; ACI 318-08 Appendix D and 2009 IBC Sections 1908.1.9 and 1908.1.10; or ACI 318-05 Appendix D and 2006 IBC Section 1908.1.16, as applicable. For the 2012 IBC, Section 1905.1.9 shall be omitted.

 ϕV_n = The lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in shear as determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 and 2018 and 2015 IBC Section 1905.1.8; ACI 318-11 Appendix D as amended in this report; ACI 318-08 Appendix D and 2009 IBC Sections 1908.1.9 and 1908.1.10; or ACI 318-05 Appendix D and 2006 IBC Section 1908.1.16, as applicable. For the 2012 IBC, Section 1905.1.9 shall be omitted.

 α = Conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling load combination. In addition, α must include all applicable factors to account for non-ductile failure modes and required over-strength.

Table 21 provides an illustration of calculated Allowable Stress Design (ASD) values for each anchor diameter at minimum and maximum embedment depths.

The requirements for member thickness, edge distance and spacing, as described in Table 1 of this report, must apply. An example of allowable stress design values for illustrative purposes is shown in Figure 4 of this report.

4.3.2 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: In lieu of ACI 318-14 17.6.1, 17.6.2 and 17.6.3 or ACI 318-11 D.7.1, D.7.2 and D.7.3, as applicable, interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated as follows:

For tension loads $T \le 0.2 \cdot T_{allowable,ASD}$, the full allowable strength in shear, $V_{allowable,ASD}$, shall be permitted.

For shear loads $V \le 0.2 \cdot V_{allowable,ASD}$, the full allowable strength in tension, $T_{allowable,ASD}$, shall be permitted.

For all other cases:

$$\frac{T}{T_{allowable,ASD}} + \frac{V}{V_{allowable,ASD}} \le 1.2$$
 Eq. (4-4)

4.4 Installation:

Installation parameters are provided in <u>Tables 1</u>, <u>17</u>, <u>18</u>, <u>19</u>, and <u>Figure 3</u>. Installation must be in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.8.1 and 17.8.2 or ACI 318-11 D.9.1 and D.9.2, as applicable. Anchor and post-installed reinforcing bar locations must comply with this report and the plans and specifications approved by the building official. Installation of Sika AnchorFix®-3030 adhesive anchor system must conform to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII) included in each package unit and as described in Figure 3. The nozzles, brushes, dispensing tools and resin stoppers shown in Figure 2 and listed in Tables 17, 18, and 19 supplied by the manufacturer, must be used along with the adhesive cartridges. Installation of anchors may be vertically down (floor), horizontal (walls) and vertically overhead. Use of nozzle extension tubes and resin stoppers must be in accordance with Tables 17 and 18.



4.5 Special Inspection:

4.5.1 General: Installations may be made under continuous special inspection or periodic special inspection, as determined by the registered design professional. <u>Tables 7</u> through <u>14</u> of this report provide strength reduction factors, ϕ , corresponding to the type of inspection provided.

Continuous special inspection of adhesive anchors installed in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.8.2.4 or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.4, as applicable.

Under the IBC, additional requirements as set forth in Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2018, 2015 or 2012 IBC and Sections 1705, 1706 or 1707 of the 2009, and 2006 IBC must be observed, where applicable.

4.5.2 Continuous Special Inspection: Installations made under continuous special inspection with an onsite proof loading program must be performed in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC, Section 1704.15 and Table 1704.4 of the 2009 IBC, or Section 1704.13 of the 2006 IBC, whereby continuous special inspection is defined in Section 1702.1 of the IBC, and this report. The special inspector must be on the jobsite continuously during anchor installation to verify anchor type, adhesive expiration date, anchor dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, hole dimensions, hole cleaning procedures, anchor spacing, edge distances, concrete thickness, anchor embedment, tightening torque, and adherence to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions.

The proof loading program must be established by the registered design professional. As a minimum, the following requirements must be addressed in the proof loading program:

- 1. Frequency of proof loading based on anchor type, diameter, and embedment.
- 2. Proof loads by anchor type, diameter, embedment, and location.
- 3. Acceptable displacements at proof load.
- 4. Remedial action in the event of a failure to achieve proof load, or excessive displacement.

Unless otherwise directed by the registered design professional, proof loads must be applied as confined tension tests. Proof load levels must not exceed the lesser of 67 percent of the load corresponding to the nominal bond strength as calculated from the characteristic bond stress for uncracked concrete modified for edge effects and concrete properties, or 80 percent of the minimum specified anchor element yield strength $(A_{se,N} \cdot f_{ya})$. The proof load must be maintained at the required load level for a minimum of 10 seconds.

4.5.3 Periodic Special Inspection: Periodic special inspection must be performed where required in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.4 of the 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC, Section 1704.15 and Table 1704.4 of the 2009 IBC or Section 1704.13 of the 2006 IBC and this report. The special inspector must be on the jobsite initially during anchor installation to verify the anchor type, anchor dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, adhesive identification and expiration date, hole dimensions, hole cleaning procedures, anchor spacing, edge distances, concrete thickness, anchor embedment, tightening torque and adherence to the manufacturer's published installation instructions. The special inspector must verify the initial installations of each type and size of adhesive anchor by construction personnel on site. Subsequent installations of the same anchor type and size by the same construction personnel are permitted to be performed in the absence of the special inspector. Any change in the anchor product being installed or the personnel performing the installation requires an initial inspection. For ongoing installations over an extended period, the special inspector must make regular inspections to confirm correct handling and installation of the product.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE:

Sika Services AG Sika AnchorFix®-3030 Adhesive Anchors and Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections System described in this report complies with, or is a suitable alternative to what is specified in, the codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- **5.1** Sika AnchorFix®-3030 adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII) and as shown in Figure 3 of this report.
- **5.2** The anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars must be installed in cracked or uncracked normal-weight concrete having a specified compressive strength, $f'_c = 2,500$ psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).
- **5.3** The values of f_c used for calculation purposes must not exceed 8,000 psi (55.1 MPa) for anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars, except f_c shall not exceed 2,500 psi for post-installed reinforcing bar applications in SDCs C, D, E and F.
- **5.4** The concrete shall have attained its minimum design strength prior to installation of the adhesive anchors.

- 5.5 Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars must be installed in concrete base materials in holes predrilled in accordance with the instructions provided in <u>Figure 3</u> of this report, with carbide-tipped drill bits complying with ANSI B212.15-1994.
- **5.6** Loads applied to the anchors must be adjusted in accordance with Section 1605.2 of the IBC for strength design, and Section 1605.3 of the IBC for allowable stress design.
- **5.7** Sika AnchorFix®-3030 adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are recognized for use to resist short- and long-term loads, including wind and earthquake, subject to the conditions of this report.
- **5.8** In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E or F under the IBC or IRC, anchor strength must be adjusted in accordance with Section 4.1.11 of this report.
- 5.9 Sika AnchorFix®-3030 adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are permitted to be installed in concrete that is cracked or that may be expected to crack during the service life of the anchor, subject to the conditions of this report.
- 5.10 Strength design values must be established in accordance with Section 4.1 of this report.
- 5.11 Allowable stress design values must be established in accordance with Section 4.3 of this report.
- **5.12**Minimum anchor spacing and edge distance, as well as minimum member thickness, must comply with the values described in this report.
- **5.13**Post-installed reinforcing bar spacing, minimum member thickness, and cover distance must be in accordance with the provisions of ACI 318 for cast-in place bars and Section 4.2.3 of this report.
- **5.14**Prior to installation, calculations and details demonstrating compliance with this report must be submitted to the code official. The calculations and details must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.
- **5.15**Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are not permitted to support fire-resistive construction. Where not otherwise prohibited by the code, Sika AnchorFix®-3030 adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are permitted for installation in fire-resistive construction provided at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars that support gravity load-bearing structural elements are within
 a fire-resistive envelope or a fire-resistive membrane, are protected by approved fire-resistive materials, or
 have been evaluated for resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
 - Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars are used to support nonstructural elements.
- **5.16**Since an ICC-ES acceptance criteria for evaluating data to determine the performance of adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars subjected to fatigue or shock loading is unavailable at this time, the use of these anchors under such conditions is beyond the scope of this report.
- 5.17Use of zinc-plated carbon steel threaded rods or steel reinforcing bars is limited to dry, interior locations.
- **5.18**Use of hot-dipped galvanized carbon steel and stainless steel rods is permitted for exterior exposure or damp environments.
- 5.19 Steel anchoring materials in contact with preservative-treated wood and fire-retardant-treated wood must be zinc-coated carbon steel or stainless steel. The minimum coating weights for zinc-coated steel must comply with ASTM A153.
- **5.20** Special inspection must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 in this report. Continuous special inspection for anchors installed in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 of this report.
- **5.21** Installation of anchors in horizontal or upwardly inclined orientations to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed by personnel certified by an applicable certification program in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.8.2.2 or 17.8.2.3; or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.2 or D.9.2.3, as applicable.
- **5.22**Sika AnchorFix®-3030 adhesive anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars may be used to resist tension and shear forces in floor, wall, and overhead installations only if installation is into concrete with a temperature between 50°F and 104°F (10°C and 40°C) for threaded rods and rebar. Overhead installations for hole diameters larger than ⁵/₈-inch or 16 mm require the use of resin stoppers during injection to the back of the hole. ½-inch-, ⁹/₁₆-inch-, ⁵/₈-inch-, 12 mm-, 14 mm, and 16 mm-diameter holes may be injected directly to the back of the hole with the use of extension tubing on the end of the nozzle. The anchor must be supported until fully cured (i.e., with wedges, or other suitable means). Where temporary restraint devices are used, their use shall not result in impairment of the anchor shear resistance.

- **5.23**Anchors and post-installed reinforcing bars shall not be used for installations where the concrete temperature can rise from 40°F (or less) to 80°F (or higher) within a 12-hour period. Such applications may include but are not limited to anchorage of building facade systems and other applications subject to direct sun exposure
- **5.24**Sika AnchorFix®-3030 adhesive is manufactured and packaged into cartridges under a quality control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Post-installed Adhesive Anchors in Concrete (AC308), dated June 2019, which incorporates requirements in ACI 355.4-11.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

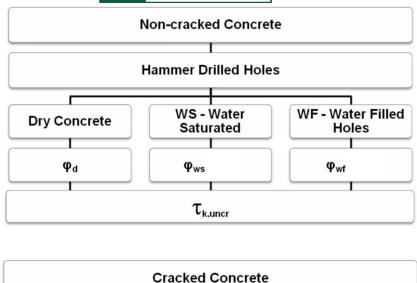
- **7.1** Sika AnchorFix®-3030 adhesive is identified in the field by labels on the cartridge and packaging, bearing the company name (Sika Services AG), product name (Sika AnchorFix®-3030), the batch number, the expiration date, and the evaluation report number (ESR-4778).
- **7.2** Threaded rods, nuts, and washers are standard elements, and must conform to applicable national or international specifications.
- **7.3** The report holder's contact information is the following:

SIKA SERVICES AG TUEFFENWIES 16 ZURICH CH-8048 SWITZERLAND +41 (0) 58 436 40 40 www.sika.com

TABLE 1—Sika AnchorFix®-3030 ANCHOR SYSTEM INSTALLATION INFORMATION

CHARACTE	RISTIC	SYMBOL	UNITS			NOMINAL	ANCHO	R ELEME	NT DIAMET	ER	
Fractional	Size	da	inch	3/8	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	-	1 ¹ / ₄
Threaded Rod	Drill Size	d_{hole}	inch	1/2	⁹ / ₁₆	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	-	1 ³ / ₈
Functional Dahan	Size	d _a	inch	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	-	#10
Fractional Rebar	Drill Size	d _{hole}	inch	⁹ / ₁₆	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	-	1 ³ / ₈
Metric Threaded	Size	da	mm	M10	M12	M16	M20	-	M24	M27	M30
Rod	Drill Size	d_{hole}	mm	12	14	18	22	-	26	30	35
Matria Dahan	Size	da	mm	M10	M12	M16	M20	-	M25	M28	M32
Metric Rebar	Drill Size	d_{hole}	mm	14	16	20	25	-	32	35	40
Maximum Tighter	ning Torque	T _{inst}	ft·lb	15	30	60	100	125	150	175	200
Foods also set Day		h _{ef,min}	inch	23/8	23/4	31/8	31/2	31/2	4	41/2	5
Embedment De	ptn Range	h _{ef,max}	inch	71/2	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	21 ¹ / ₄	25
Minimum Co Thickne		h _{min}	inch				1	.5 · h _{ef}		•	
Critical Edge I	Distance	C _{ac}	inch			See	Section 4	4.1.10 of th	nis report		
Minimum Edge	Distance	C _{min}	inch	11/2	11/2	13/4	17/8	2	2	21/4	21/2
Minimum Ancho	or Spacing	S _{min}	inch	11/2	11/2	1 ³ / ₄	1 ⁷ / ₈	2	2	21/4	21/2

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 ft·lb = 1.356 N·m



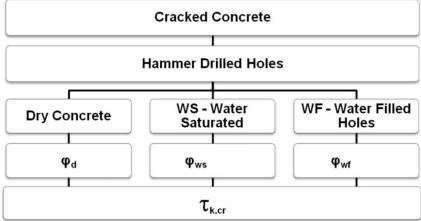


FIGURE 1—FLOWCHART FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF DESIGN BOND STRENGTH

TABLE 2—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL CARBON STEEL AND STAINLESS STEEL THREADED ${\rm ROD}^{1,2}$

	CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	UNITS			NOMINAL	ROD DIA	METER, d _o		
	Nominal Size	da	inch	3/8	1/2	⁵ / ₈	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₄
	Stress Area ¹	Ase	in. ²	0.0775	0.1419	0.226	0.334	0.462	0.606	0.969
	Strength Reduction Factor for Tension Steel Failure ²	φ	-				0.75			
Rod	Strength Reduction Factor for Shear Steel Failure ²	φ	-				0.65			
pep	Reduction for Seismic Shear	αv,seis	-	0.75	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.40	0.40	0.40
Carbon Steel Threaded Rod	Tension Resistance of Carbon Steel ASTM F1554 Grade 36	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	4,495 (20.0)	8,230 (36.6)	13,110 (58.3)	19,370 (86.2)	26,795 (119.2)	35,150 (156.4)	56,200 (250.0)
on Stee	Tension Resistance of Carbon Steel ASTM A193 B7	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	9,690 (43.1)	17,740 (78.9)	28,250 (125.7)	41,750 (185.7)	57,750 (256.9)	75,750 (337.0)	121,125 (538.8)
Carb	Shear Resistance of Carbon Steel ASTM F1554 Grade 36	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	2,250 (10.0)	4,940 (22.0)	7,865 (35.0)	11,625 (51.7)	16,080 (71.5)	21,090 (93.8)	33,720 (150.0)
	Shear Resistance of Carbon Steel ASTM A193 B7	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	4,845 (21.6)	10,645 (47.4)	16,950 (75.4)	25,050 (111.4)	34,650 (154.1)	45,450 (202.2)	72,675 (323.3)
	Strength Reduction Factor for Tension Steel Failure ²	φ	-				0.65			
	Strength Reduction Factor for Shear Steel Failure ²	φ	-				0.60			
	Reduction for Seismic Shear	$lpha_{V,seis}$	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	075	0.60	0.60	0.60
	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel	Nsa	lb	7,365	13,480	21,470				
	ASTM F593 CW1		(kN)	(32.8)	(60.0)	(95.5)				
73	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F593 CW2	N _{sa}	lb (kN)				25,385 (112.9)	35,110 (156.2)	46,055 (204.9)	73,645 (327.6)
Steel Threaded Rod	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F593 SH1	N _{sa}	lb (kN)	8,915 (39.7)	16,320 (72.6)	25,990 (115.6)				
el Threa	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F593 SH2	Nsa	lb (kN)				35,070 (156.0)	48,510 (215.8)	63,630 (283.0)	
less Ste	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F593 SH3	N _{sa}	lb (kN)							92,055 (409.5)
Stainless	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F593 CW1	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	3,680 (16.4)	6,740 (30.0)	10,735 (47.8)				
	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F593 CW2	V_{sa}	lb (kN)				12,690 (56.4)	17,555 (78.1)	23,030 (102.4)	36,820 (163.8)
	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F593 SH1	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	4,455 (19.8)	9,790 (43.5)	15,595 (69.4)				
	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F593 SH2	V _{sa}	lb (kN)				17,535 (78.0)	24,255 (107.9)	31,815 (141.5)	
	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F593 SH3	V _{sa}	lb (kN)							46,030 (204.8)

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 in.² = 645.16 mm^2 , 1 lb = 0.004448 kN

¹Values provided for steel threaded rod are based on minimum specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable.

²The tabulated value of ϕ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 3—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL STEEL REINFORCING BAR1.2

					NO	MINAL RE	INFORCI	NG BAR S	SIZE, d _o	
	CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	UNITS	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 10
	Nominal bar diameter	d a	inch	0.375	0.500	0.625	0.750	0.875	1.000	1.250
	Stress Area	Ase	in. ²	0.11	0.20	0.31	0.44	0.60	0.79	1.27
	Strength Reduction Factor for Tension Steel Failure	φ	-				0.65			
bar	Strength Reduction Factor for Shear Steel Failure	φ	-				0.60			
ng ba	Reduction for Seismic Shear	αv,seis	-	0.75	0.75	0.75	080	0.50	0.50	0.50
Reinforcing	Tension Resistance of Carbon Steel	Nsa	lb	6,600	12,000	18,600	26,400	36,000	47,400	76,200
Rein	ASTM A615 Grade 40	IVsa	(kN)	(29.4)	(53.4)	(82.7)	(117.4)	(160.1)	(210.8)	(339.0)
	Tension Resistance of Carbon Steel	Δ/	lb	9,900	18,000	27,900	39,600	54,000	71,100	114,300
	ASTM A615 Grade 60	N _{sa}	(kN)	(44.0)	(80.1)	(124.1)	(176.1)	(240.2)	(316.3)	(508.4)
	Shear Resistance of Carbon Steel	V	lb	3,960	7,200	11,160	15,840	21,600	28,440	45,720
	ASTM A615 Grade 40	V_{sa}	(kN)	(17.6)	(32.0)	(49.6)	(70.5)	(96.1)	(126.5)	(203.4)
	Shear Resistance of Carbon Steel		lb	5,940	10,800	16,740	23,760	32,400	42,660	68,580
	ASTM A615 Grade 60	V _{sa}	(kN)	(26.4)	(48.0)	(74.5)	(105.7)	(144.1)	(189.8)	(305.1)

¹Values provided for steel threaded rod are based on minimum specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable.

²The tabulated value of ϕ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 4—STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD AND REINFORCING BAR1,2

	CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	UNITS			NOMI	NAL ROD I	DIAMETER, (d _o	
	Nominal Size	da	mm	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
	Stress Area	Ase	mm²	58	84	157	245	353	459	561
	Strength Reduction Factor for Tension Steel Failure	φ	-				0.6	5		
	Strength Reduction Factor for Shear Steel Failure	φ	-				0.60	0	_	
	Reduction for Seismic Shear	$lpha_{V,seis}$	-	0.75	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.40	0.40	0.40
po	Tension Resistance of Carbon Steel ISO 898-1 Class 5.8	N _{sa}	kN lb	29.0 (6,519)	42.2 (9,476)	78.5 (17,648)	122.5 (27,539)	176.5 (39,679)	229.5 (51,394)	280.5 (63,059)
Metric Threaded Rod	Tension Resistance of Carbon Steel ISO 898-1 Class 8.8	N _{sa}	kN lb	46.4 (10,431)	67.4 (15,161)	125.6 (28,236)	196.0 (44,063)	282.4 (63,486)	367.2 (82,550)	448.8 (100,894)
Threa	Tension Resistance of Carbon Steel ISO 898-1 Class 12.9	N _{sa}	kN lb			135.3 (30,424)		304.3 (68,406)	395.7 (88,951)	483.6 (108,714)
tric	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ISO 3506-1 A4-70	Nsa	kN lb	40.6 (9,127)	59.0 (13,266)	109.9 (24,707)	171.5 (38,555)	247.1 (55,550)	321.3 (72,231)	392.7 (88,282)
Me	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ISO 3506-1 A4-80	N _{sa}	kN lb	46.4 (10,431)	67.4 (15,161)	125.6 (28,236)	196.0 (44,063)	282.4 (63,486)	367.2 (82,550)	448.8 (100,894)
	Shear Resistance of Carbon Steel ISO 898-1 Class 5.8	V _{sa}	kN Ib	17.4 (3,912)	25.3	47.1 (10,589)	73.5 (16,523)	105.9 (23,807)	137.7 (30,956)	168.3 (37,835)
	Shear Resistance of Carbon Steel ISO 898-1 Class 8.8	V _{sa}	kN lb	27.8 (6,259)	40.5 (9,097)	75.4 (16,942)	117.6 (26,438)	169.4 (38,092)	220.3 (49,530)	269.3 (60,537)
	Shear Resistance of Carbon Steel ISO 898-1 Class 12.9	V _{sa}	kN lb	30.0 (6,744)	43.6 (9,802)	81.2 (18,255)	126.7 (28,486)	182.6 (41,044)	237.4 (53,374)	290.1 (65,228)
	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ISO 3506-1 A4-70	V _{sa}	kN lb	24.4 (5,476)	35.4 (7,960)	65.9 (14,824)	102.9	148.3 (33,330)	192.8 (43,339)	235.6 (52,969)
	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ISO 3506-1 A4-80	V _{sa}	kN lb	27.8 (6,259)	40.5 (9,097)	75.4 (16,942)	117.6 (26,438)	169.4 (38,092)	220.3 (49,530)	269.3 (60,537)
	Nominal Size	d _o	mm	M10	M12	M16	M20	M25	M28	M32
L	Stress Area	Ase	mm ²	78.5	113	201	314	491	616	804
ing Bar	Strength Reduction Factor for Tension Steel Failure	φ	-				0.65	5	l	
Metric Reinforcing	Strength Reduction Factor for Shear Steel Failure	φ	-				0.60	0		
ic Re	Reduction for Seismic Shear	αv,seis	-	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.80	0.50	0.50	0.50
Metr	Tension Resistance of DIN 488 BSt 500	Nsa	kN lb	43.2 (9,706)	62.2	110.6 (24,853)	172.7 (38,825)	270.1 (60,710)	338.8 (76,165)	442.2 (99,411)
	Shear Resistance of DIN 488 BSt 500	V _{sa}	kN lb	25.9 (5,824)	37.3	66.3 (14,912)	103.6	162.0 (36,426)	203.3 (45,696)	265.3 (59,646)

¹Values provided for steel threaded rod are based on minimum specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-2 and Eq. D-29, as applicable.

The tabulated value of ϕ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.



TABLE 5—FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD AND REINFORCING BAR CONCRETE BREAKOUT STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION

CI	HARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	UNITS		NOMI	NAL ANCH	OR ELEM	ENT DIAM	ETER			
US	Size	da	Inch	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	11/4		
Threaded Rod	Drill Size	d _{hole}	Inch	1/2	⁹ / ₁₆	3/4	⁷ / ₈	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ³ / ₈		
US Rebar	Size	d _a	Inch	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 10		
US Repai	Drill Size	d _{hole}	Inch	⁹ / ₁₆	⁵ / ₈	3/4	7/8	1	1 ¹ / ₈	1 ³ / ₈		
Embe	adment Denth Denge	h _{ef,min}	Inch	2 ³ / ₈	2 ³ / ₄	31/8	31/2	31/2	4	5		
EIIDE	edment Depth Range	h _{ef,max}	Inch	71/2	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	25		
Minin	num Anchor Spacing	S _{min}	Inch	11/2	1 ¹ / ₂	1 ³ / ₄	17/8	2	2	21/2		
Minir	mum Edge Distance	Cmin	Inch	11/2	21/2							
Minimu	m Concrete Thickness	h _{min}	Inch	1.5 · h _{ef}								
Crit	tical Edge Distance	Cac	-		See Section 4.1.10 of this report							
Effectiven	ess Factor for Uncracked	k		24								
Co	oncrete, Breakout	K _{c,uncr}	(SI)				(10)					
Effectiveness	Factor for Cracked Concrete,	K c,cr					17					
	Breakout	K c,cr	(SI)				(7.1)					
	k _{c,uncr} / k _{c,cr}						1.41					
	eduction Factor for Tension, ailure Modes, Condition B ¹	φ	1				0.65					
	Strength Reduction Factor for Shear, Concrete Failure Modes, Condition B ¹						0.70					

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 in.² = 645.16 mm^2 , 1 lb = 0.004448 kN

 1 Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided as set forth in ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. The tabulated value of ϕ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

TABLE 6—METRIC THREADED ROD AND REINFORCING BAR CONCRETE BREAKOUT STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION

CI	HARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	UNITS		NOM	INAL ANCI	HOR ELEM	ENT DIAM	ETER			
SI Threaded	Size	da	mm	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30		
Rod	Drill Size	d _{hole}	mm	12	14	18	22	26	30	35		
Ol Dahan	Size	da	mm	M10	M12	M16	M20	M25	M28	M32		
SI Rebar	Drill Size	d _{hole}	mm	14	16	20	25	32	35	40		
Fort	durant Dante Dance	h _{ef,min}	inch	2 ³ / ₈	23/4	31/8	31/2	4	41/2	5		
Embe	edment Depth Range	h _{ef,max}	inch	71/2	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	20	21 ¹ / ₄	25		
Minin	num Anchor Spacing	Smin	inch	11/2	1 ¹ / ₂	1 ³ / ₄	1 ⁷ / ₈	2	21/2	21/2		
Minii	mum Edge Distance	Cmin	inch	11/2	11/2	13/4	17/8	2	21/2	21/2		
Minimu	m Concrete Thickness	h _{min}	inch	1.5 · h _{ef}								
Crit	ical Edge Distance					See Section	on 4.1.10 of	this report				
Effectiveness F	Factor for Uncracked Concrete, Breakout	Kuncr	 (SI)				24 (10)					
Effectiveness	Factor for Cracked Concrete, Breakout	K cr	 (SI)				17 (7.1)					
	k _{uncr} / k _{cr}		-				1.41					
	Strength Reduction Factor for Tension, Concrete Failure Modes, Condition B						0.65					
	rength Reduction Factor for Shear, Concrete Failure Modes, Condition B						0.70					

¹Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided as set forth in ACI 318-14 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. The tabulated value of ϕ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.2 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.5.

TABLE 7—FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR ANCHORS INSTALLED WITH PERIODIC SPECIAL INSPECTION^{1,6,7}

_			DIC SEL						00 0141		1
	DESIGN	INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	37.11		AL THRE				41/ 11
					3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	⁷ / ₈ "	1"	1 ¹ / ₄ "
	Minimum Effe	ctive Installation Depth	h _{ef,min}	in.	2 ³ / ₈	2 ³ / ₄	3 ¹ / ₈	31/2	31/2	4	5
		·	- '	mm	60	70	79	89	89	102	127
	Maximum Effe	ective Installation Depth	h _{ef,max}	in.	71/2	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	25
	D 1 " E			mm	191	254	318	381	445	508	635
	Reduction Fac	tor for Seismic Tension	QN,seis	-	0.79	0.99	0.91	0.81	0.81	0.88	0.79
		Characteristic Bond Strength in	Tk,uncr	psi	1880	1775	1670	1565	1460	1355	1145
	Temperature Category		en,unor	N/mm ²	13.0	12.2	11.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	7.9
a	A ^{2,6}	Characteristic Bond Strength in	7	psi	760	965	1145	1075	965	955	700
ref		Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm ²	5.2	6.7	7.9	7.4	6.7	6.6	4.8
Concrete		Characteristic Bond Strength in	_	psi	2290	2165	2035	1910	1780	1655	1395
ပိ	Temperature Category	Non-cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	15.8	14.9	14.0	13.2	12.3	11.4	9.6
Dry	B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,6}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	925	1180	1400	1310	1175	1165	855
	Cracked Concrete		Tk,cr	N/mm ²	6.4	8.1	9.7	9.0	8.1	8.0	5.9
	Anchor Category, dry concrete		-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Strength Reduction Fac		ϕ_d	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
		Characteristic Bond Strength in	,-	psi	1880	1775	1670	1565	1460	1355	1145
_	Temperature Category A ^{2,6}	Non-cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	13.0	12.2	11.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	7.9
ete		Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	760	965	1145	1075	965	955	700
Concrete		Cracked Concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	N/mm ²	5.2	6.7	7.9	7.4	6.7	6.6	4.8
၂၀		Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	2290	2165	2035	1910	1780	1655	1395
Ø	Temperature Category	Non-cracked Concrete	$\tau_{k,uncr}$	N/mm ²	15.8	14.9	14.0	13.2	12.3	11.4	9.6
Saturated	B. Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,6}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	925	1180	1400	1310	1175	1165	855
E I	b, range raz	Cracked Concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	N/mm ²	6.4	8.1	9.7	9.0	8.1	8.0	5.9
	A				1	1	3	3	3	6.0 1	
Water		saturated concrete, $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$	-	-	-						1
Š	Strength Reduction Fac		φws	-	0.65	0.65	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.65	0.65
		r saturated concrete, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d		-	N/A	N/A	3	3	3	1	1
	Strength Reduction Fac		<i>ф</i> ws	-	N/A	N/A	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.65	0.65
		Characteristic Bond Strength in	Tk,uncr	psi	750	710	920	860	805	1355	1145
	Temperature Category	Non-cracked Concrete	VK,UIICI	N/mm ²	5.2	4.9	6.3	5.9	5.5	9.3	7.9
e	A ^{2,6}	Characteristic Bond Strength in	_	psi	305	385	630	590	530	955	700
ĭ		Cracked Concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	N/mm ²	2.1	2.7	4.3	4.1	3.7	6.6	4.8
Water-filled Hole		Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	915	865	1,120	1,050	980	1655	1395
ı Ģ	Temperature Category	Non-cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	6.3	6.0	7.7	7.2	6.7	11.4	9.6
te	B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,6}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	370	470	770	721	645	1165	855
N	, 0	Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm²	2.6	3.3	5.3	5.0	4.5	8.0	5.9
1	Anchor Category, water	r-filled hole	_	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
			φ _{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
<u> </u>	Strength Reduction Factor		ψwi	.	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi. Bond strength values must not be increased for increased concrete compressive strength.

²Temperature Category A: Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 176°F (80°C)

³Temperature Category B, Range 1 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 130°F (55°C)

⁴Temperature Category B, Range 2 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 145°F (63°C)

⁵Short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁶The tabulated value of ϕ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

⁷Bond strengths shown are for sustained loading. In cases where anchors are subject to short term loads only, bond strengths may be multiplied by 1.13.

 $^{8^3/}_{8}$ - and $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch diameter bond strengths limited to embedment depths $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$.

TABLE 8—FRACTIONAL THREADED ROD BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR ANCHORS INSTALLED WITH CONTINUOUS SPECIAL INSPECTION^{1,6,7}

	DEGIGN	LINEODMATION	0)/440.01			NOMINA	AL THRE	ADED R	OD DIA	METER	
	DESIGN	INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	³ / ₈ "	¹ / ₂ "	⁵ / ₈ "	³ / ₄ "	⁷ / ₈ "	1"	1 ¹ / ₄ "
	Minimum Effo	ctive Installation Depth	h	in.	$2^{3}/_{8}$	$2^{3}/_{4}$	3 ¹ / ₈	31/2	31/2	4	5
	Willimum Ene	ctive installation Depth	h _{ef,min}	mm	60	70	79	89	89	102	127
	Maximum Effe	ective Installation Depth	h _{ef.max}	in.	7 ¹ / ₂	10	$12^{1}/_{2}$	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	25
		<u>'</u>	i iet,max	mm	191	254	318	381	445	508	635
		tor for Seismic Tension	αN,seis	-	0.79	0.99	0.91	0.81	0.81	0.88	0.79
		Characteristic Bond Strength in	Tk,uncr	psi	1880	1775	1670	1565	1460	1355	1145
	Temperature Category	Non-cracked Concrete	r,uncr	N/mm ²	13.0	12.2	11.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	7.9
ம	A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in	_	psi	760	965	1145	1075	965	955	700
./Dry Concrete		Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm ²	5.2	6.7	7.9	7.4	6.7	6.6	4.8
ö		Characteristic Bond Strength in	_	psi	2290	2165	2035	1910	1780	1655	1395
0	Temperature Category	Non-cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	15.8	14.9	14.0	13.2	12.3	11.4	9.6
P		Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	925	1180	1400	1310	1175	1165	855
`		Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm²	6.4	8.1	9.7	9.0	8.1	8.0	5.9
	Anchor Category, dry c	oncrete	_	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Strength Reduction Fac		ϕ_d	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
		Characteristic Bond Strength in	- / -	psi	1880	1775	1670	1565	1460	1355	1145
		Non-cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	13.0	12.2	11.5	10.8	10.1	9.3	7.9
ete	A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	760	965	1145	1075	965	955	700
Concrete		Cracked Concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	N/mm ²	5.2	6.7	7.9	7.4	6.7	6.6	4.8
ပိ		Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	2290	2165	2035	1910	1780	1655	1395
eq	Temperature Category		Tk,uncr	N/mm²	15.8	14.9	14.0	13.2	12.3	11.4	9.6
Saturated	B. Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	925	1180	1400	1310	1175	1165	855
atn	, 3	Cracked Concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	N/mm²	6.4	8.1	9.7	9.0	8.1	8.0	5.9
r	Anchor Category, water	r saturated concrete, 4d ≤ <i>h</i> _{ef} ≤12 <i>d</i>	_	-	1	1	2	2	2	1	1
Water	Strength Reduction Fac		φws	_	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.65	0.65
≥		r saturated concrete, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d		_	N/A	N/A	2	2	2	1	1
	Strength Reduction Fac		φws	_	N/A	N/A	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.65	0.65
		Characteristic Bond Strength in	ψws	psi	885	835	1085	1015	950	1355	1145
	Temperature Category	Non-cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	6.1	5.8	7.5	7.0	6.5	9.3	7.9
Φ	A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	355	455	7.5	7.0	625	955	700
후	, A	Cracked Concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	N/mm ²	2.5	3.1	5.1	4.8	4.3	6.6	4.8
D D				psi	1075	1020	1325	1240	1155	1655	1395
Water-filled Hole		Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	7.4		9.1				9.6
er-					435	7.0 555	9.1	8.6 850	8.0 765	11.4 1165	9.6 855
Vat	b, Nange i & 2"	Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	psi N/mm²	3.0				5.3		5.9
>	Anahan Catanamit		· ·	N/mm ²		3.8	6.3	5.9		8.0	
	Anchor Category, water		-	-	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
	Strength Reduction Fac	CLOF	$\phi_{ m wf}$	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.55	0.55

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 in.² = 645.16 mm^2 , 1 lb = 0.004448 kN

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f_c = 2,500 psi. Bond strength values must not be increased for increased concrete compressive strength.

²Temperature Category A: Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 176°F (80°C)

³Temperature Category B, Range 1 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 130°F (55°C)

⁴Temperature Category B, Range 2 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 145°F (63°C)

⁵Short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁶The tabulated value of ϕ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

⁷Bond strengths shown are for sustained loading. In cases where anchors are subject to short term loads only, bond strengths may be multiplied by 1.13.

 $^{8^3/}_{8^-}$ and $1/_{2^-}$ inch diameter bond strengths limited to embedment depths $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$.

TABLE 9—FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BAR BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR ANCHORS INSTALLED WITH PERIODIC SPECIAL INSPECTION 1,6,7

							REINFOI	RCING B	AR SIZE	<u> </u>	
	DESI	GN INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 10
	No	ominal Diameter	da	in.	³ / ₈ "	¹ / ₂ "	⁵ / ₈ "	3/4"	⁷ /8"	1"	1 ¹ / ₄ "
	Minimum E	ffective Installation Depth	h	in.	2 ³ / ₈	2 ³ / ₄	3 ¹ / ₈	31/2	31/2	4	5
	IVIIIIIIIIIIII E	nective installation Depth	h _{ef,min}	mm	60	70	79	89	89	102	127
	Maximum F	ffective Installation Depth	h _{ef.max}	in.	$7^{1}/_{2}$	10	12 ¹ / ₂	15	17 ¹ / ₂	20	25
		·	i iei,max	mm	191	254	318	381	445	508	635
	Reduction F	actor for Seismic Tension	αN,seis	-	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94
		Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-	Tk,uncr	psi	1300	1270	1225	1190	1150	1120	1085
	Temperature	cracked Concrete	rk,unci	N/mm ²	9.0	8.8	8.4	8.2	7.9	7.7	7.5
ø	Category A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in	Tk.cr	psi	925	895	1035	880	845	475	450
Dry Concrete		Cracked Concrete	FK,CI	N/mm ²	6.4	6.2	7.1	6.1	5.8	3.3	3.1
ouc	Tomporaturo	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-	Tk,uncr	psi	1585	1550	1495	1450	1405	1365	1325
ŏ	Temperature Category B, Range Category B, Range Characteristic Bond Strength in		rk,unci	N/mm ²	10.9	10.7	10.3	10.0	9.7	9.4	9.1
٦	Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete		Tk,cr	psi	1125	1090	1265	1075	1030	580	550
-			ik,cr	N/mm ²	7.8	7.5	8.7	7.4	7.1	4.0	3.8
	Anchor Category, dry		-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Strength Reduction F	actor	ϕ_{d}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
		Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-	_	psi	1300	1270	1225	1190	1150	1120	1085
ø	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	9.0	8.8	8.4	8.2	7.9	7.7	7.5
Saturated Concrete	Category A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in	$ au_{k,cr}$	psi	925	895	1035	880	845	475	450
ouc		Cracked Concrete	ık,cr	N/mm ²	6.4	6.2	7.1	6.1	5.8	3.3	3.1
Ŏ	T	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-	_	psi	1585	1550	1495	1450	1405	1365	1325
tec	Temperature Category B, Range	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	10.9	10.7	10.3	10.0	9.7	9.4	9.1
nra	1 & 2 ^{3,4,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in	_	psi	1125	1090	1265	1075	1030	580	550
Sat	1 4 2	Cracked Concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	N/mm ²	7.8	7.5	8.7	7.4	7.1	4.0	3.8
er (ater saturated concrete, 4d ≤ <i>h</i> _{ef} ≤12d	-	-	1	1	3	3	3	1	1
Water	Strength Reduction F	Factor, 4d ≤ <i>h_{ef} ≤12d</i>	<i>ф</i> ws	-	0.65	0.65	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.65	0.65
>	Anchor Category, wa	iter saturated concrete, $12d < h_{ef} \le 20d$	-	-	N/A	N/A	3	3	3	1	1
	Strength Reduction F	actor, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d	<i>ф</i> ws	-	N/A	N/A	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.65	0.65
		Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-	_	psi	520	510	675	655	635	1120	1085
	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	3.6	3.5	4.6	4.5	4.4	7.7	7.5
<u>e</u>	Category A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	370	360	570	485	465	475	450
꿈		Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm ²	2.6	2.5	3.9	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.1
Water-filled Hole	- .	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-	_	psi	635	620	820	800	775	1365	1325
Į.	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	4.4	4.3	5.7	5.5	5.3	9.4	9.1
ate	Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	450	435	695	590	565	580	550
Š	IXZ	Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm ²	3.1	3.0	4.8	4.1	3.9	4.0	3.8
	Anchor Category, wa	ter-filled hole	=	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Strength Reduction F		ϕ_{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
_	Strength Reduction Factor Str. 1 inch = 25.4 mm				•			•	•	•	

Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi. Bond strength values must not be increased for increased concrete compressive strength.

²Temperature Category A: Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 176°F (80°C)

³Temperature Category B, Range 1 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 130°F (55°C) ⁴Temperature Category B, Range 2 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 145°F (63°C)

⁵Short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁶The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

⁷Bond strengths shown are for sustained loading. In cases where anchors are subject to short term loads only, bond strengths may be multiplied by 1.13.

⁸No. 3 and No.4 diameter bond strengths limited to embedment depths $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$.

TABLE 10—FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BAR BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR ANCHORS INSTALLED WITH CONTINUOUS SPECIAL INSPECTION 1,6,7

							REINFO	RCING B	AR SIZE	<u> </u>	
	DESI	GN INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 10
	No	ominal Diameter	da	in.	³ / ₈ "	1/2"	⁵ /8"	3/4"	⁷ /8"	1"	1 ¹ / ₄ "
	Minimum	ffective Installation Death	b	in.	2 ³ / ₈	23/4	3 ¹ / ₈	31/2	31/2	4	5
	Willimum E	ffective Installation Depth	h _{ef,min}	mm	60	70	79	89	89	102	127
	Maximum E	ffective Installation Depth	h.	in.	$7^{1}/_{2}$	10	$12^{1}/_{2}$	15	$17^{1}/_{2}$	20	25
		·	h _{ef,max}	mm	191	254	318	381	445	508	635
	Reduction F	actor for Seismic Tension	αN,seis	-	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94
		Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-	7	psi	1300	1270	1225	1190	1150	1120	1085
	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	9.0	8.8	8.4	8.2	7.9	7.7	7.5
a	Category A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in	_	psi	925	895	1035	880	845	475	450
Concrete		Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm ²	6.4	6.2	7.1	6.1	5.8	3.3	3.1
Suc	T	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-	_	psi	1585	1550	1495	1450	1405	1365	1325
	Temperature Category B, Range	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	10.9	10.7	10.3	10.0	9.7	9.4	9.1
Dry	1 & 2 ^{3,4,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in	_	psi	1125	1090	1265	1075	1030	580	550
-	1 4 2	Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm ²	7.8	7.5	8.7	7.4	7.1	4.0	3.8
	Anchor Category, dry	/ concrete	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Strength Reduction F	actor	ϕ_{d}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
	(Temperature	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi	1300	1270	1225	1190	1150	1120	1085
a		cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	9.0	8.8	8.4	8.2	7.9	7.7	7.5
Concrete		Characteristic Bond Strength in	τ _{k.cr}	psi	925	895	1035	880	845	475	450
)uc		Cracked Concrete	T _{k,cr}	N/mm ²	6.4	6.2	7.1	6.1	5.8	3.3	3.1
ŏ	_	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi	1585	1550	1495	1450	1405	1365	1325
Saturated	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	10.9	10.7	10.3	10.0	9.7	9.4	9.1
Га	Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	1125	1090	1265	1075	1030	580	550
Satı	102	Cracked Concrete	$\tau_{k,cr}$	N/mm²	7.8	7.5	8.7	7.4	7.1	4.0	3.8
	Anchor Category, wa	ter saturated concrete, 4d ≤ h _{ef} ≤12d	-	ı	1	1	2	2	2	1	1
Water	Strength Reduction F	actor, 4d ≤ h _{ef} ≤12d	<i>φ</i> ws	ı	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.65	0.65
>	Anchor Category, wa	iter saturated concrete, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d	_	ı	N/A	N/A	2	2	2	1	1
	Strength Reduction F	actor, 12d < <i>h_{ef}</i> ≤20 <i>d</i> ⁸	<i>φ</i> ws	ı	N/A	N/A	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.65	0.65
	<u> </u>	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi	610	595	795	775	750	1120	1085
	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	4.2	4.1	5.5	5.3	5.2	7.7	7.5
<u>o</u>	Category A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	435	420	675	570	550	475	450
Hole		Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm²	3.0	2.9	4.6	3.9	3.8	3.3	3.1
eq		Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi	745	730	970	945	915	1365	1325
Water-filled	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	5.1	5.0	6.7	6.5	6.3	9.4	9.1
iter	Category B, Range	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	530	510	820	700	670	580	550
Na	1 & 2 ^{3,4,5}	Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm ²	3.6	3.5	5.7	4.8	4.6	4.0	3.8
	Anchor Category, wa		_	-	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
	Strength Reduction F		ϕ_{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.55	0.55
_		1 in ² = 645 16 mm ² 1 lb = 0.004448 kN	ΨWI	1	J		<u> </u>	J		0.00	

Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi. Bond strength values must not be increased for increased concrete compressive strength.

²Temperature Category A: Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 176°F (80°C)

³Temperature Category B, Range 1 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 130°F (55°C) ⁴Temperature Category B, Range 2 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 145°F (63°C)

⁵Short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁶The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

⁷Bond strengths shown are for sustained loading. In cases where anchors are subject to short term loads only, bond strengths may be multiplied by 1.13.

⁸No. 3 and No.4 diameter bond strengths limited to embedment depths $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$.

TABLE 11—METRIC THREADED ROD BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR ANCHORS INSTALLED WITH PERIODIC SPECIAL INSPECTION 1,6,7

Name	_			TO SE LOIP	_	_	NOMIN	AL TUDE	ADED E	OD DIA	METER	
Minimum Effective Installation Depth		DES	IGN INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	M10						Man
Maximum Effective Installation Depth Neumann Neuma				in								
Reduction Factor for Seismic Tension		Minimum I	Effective Installation Depth	h _{ef,min}								
Reduction Factor for Seismic Tension Reduction Facto												
Reduction Factor for Seismic Tension		Maximum Effective Installation Depth										
Temperature Category A ^{2,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Noncracked Concrete Category A ^{2,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Noncracked Concrete Category B, Range 1 & 23 & 3 & 3 & 4.3 & 5.2 & 4.9 & 4.4 & 4.6 & 3.8		Reduction Factor for Seismic Tension		QN seis								
Temperature Category A ²⁻⁵ Cacked Concrete				*****	psi	1615	1585				1395	1360
Part Category A** Category A** Category A** Category B**		Temperature cracked Concrete		$\tau_{k,uncr}$		11.1	10.9	10.6	10.2	9.9	9.6	9.4
Page Cracked Concrete Theory Theor		Category A ^{2,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in										
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Page Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Page Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete Page Pa	ete	Cracked Concrete		Tk,cr								
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Page Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Page Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete Page Pa	nc.		Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi							
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Page Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Page Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete Page Pa	S			Tk,uncr			13.3	12.9	12.5		11.8	11.4
Part Category A Category	<u>></u>		Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi						805	665
Strength Reduction Factor		Ι α Ζ*****		Tk,cr		4.0	5.3	6.3	6.0	5.4	5.6	4.6
Strength Reduction Factor		Anchor Category, dry	/ concrete	_	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Part Category A ^{2.5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Noncracked Concrete Takuncr Category A ^{2.5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Noncracked Concrete Takuncr Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 & 2 & 4.5 Characteristic Bond Strength in Noncracked Concrete Takuncr				ϕ_{d}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Temperature Category A ^{2.5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3.4,5} Temperature Category, water saturated concrete, 4d ≤ h _{ef} ≤12d handler Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category, water saturated concrete, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d handler Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category, water saturated concrete, 4d ≤ h _{ef} ≤12d handler Strength Reduction Factor, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d handler Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 4d ≤ h _{ef} ≤20d handler Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d handler Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d handler Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d handler Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d handler Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d handler Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d handler Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d handler Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d Strength in Noncracked Concrete Temperature Category & Strength Reduction Factor, 12d Strength in Noncracked Conc				,-	psi	1615	1585	1535	1485	1435	1395	1360
Category A ^{2.5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Total		Temperature		Tk,uncr	N/mm²	11.1	10.9	10.6	10.2	9.9	9.6	9.4
Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, 4d ≤ her ≤12d	Lete	Category A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	475	625	750	710	645	660	545
Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, 4d ≤ her ≤12d	nc		Cracked Concrete	$ au_{k,cr}$	N/mm²	3.3	4.3	5.2	4.9	4.4	4.6	3.8
Temperature Category B, Range of the Reduction Factor, $14 \le 2^{0.4.5}$ Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Tk,uncr N/mm² 13.5 13.3 12.9 12.5 12.1 11.8 11.4	ŏ	_	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi	1965	1935	1875	1810	1750	1705	1655
Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$	ted			Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	13.5	13.3	12.9	12.5	12.1	11.8	11.4
Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$	ura	Category B, Range Characteristic Bond Strength in			psi	580	765	915	865	785	805	665
Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$	Sati	Cracked Concrete		$\tau_{k,cr}$	N/mm ²	4.0	5.3	6.3	6.0	5.4	5.6	4.6
Strength Reduction Factor, $12d < h_{ef} \le 20d \ ^8$	e S	Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, 4d ≤ h _{ef} ≤12d		_	-	1	1	3	3	3	1	1
Strength Reduction Factor, $12d < h_{ef} \le 20d \ ^8$	/at	Strength Reduction Factor, 4d ≤ h _{ef} ≤12d		φws	-	0.65	0.65	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.65	0.65
Temperature Category A ^{2,5} Temperature Category A ^{2,5} Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Anchor Category, water-filled hole Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Temper	>	Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d		_	-	N/A	N/A	3	3	3	1	1
Temperature Category A ^{2,5} Temperature Category A ^{2,5} Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Temperature Category B, Range Action Cracked Concrete Anchor Category, water-filled hole Temperature Category, water-filled hole Temperature Category, water-filled hole Temperature Category, water-filled hole Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Temperature Category, water-filled hole Temperature Category, water-filled hole Temperature Category, water-filled hole Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Temperature Category B,				φws	-	N/A	N/A	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.65	0.65
Temperature Category A ^{2,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Temperature Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Te		•		_	psi	645	635	845	815	790	1395	1360
Cracked Concrete Tk,cr N/mm² 1.3 1.7 2.8 2.7 2.4 4.6 3.8				Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	4.5	4.4	5.8	5.6	5.4	9.6	9.4
Anchor Category, water-filled hole 3 3 3 3 3 3	<u>e</u>	© Category A ^{2,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in		_	psi	190	250	415	390	355	660	545
Anchor Category, water-filled hole 3 3 3 3 3 3	王		Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm ²	1.3	1.7	2.8	2.7	2.4	4.6	3.8
Anchor Category, water-filled hole 3 3 3 3 3 3	led	T					775	1030	995	965	1705	1655
Anchor Category, water-filled hole 3 3 3 3 3 3	Ē		cracked Concrete	7k,uncr	N/mm ²	5.4	5.3	7.1	6.9	6.6	11.8	11.4
Anchor Category, water-filled hole 3 3 3 3 3 3	ate											
3 77	>	. ~ 2	Cracked Concrete	7k,cr	N/mm ²	1.6	2.1	3.5	3.3	3.0	5.6	4.6
Strength Reduction Factor ϕ_{wf} - 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45		Anchor Category, water-filled hole		=	-		3				3	
		Strength Reduction F	actor	$\phi_{ m wf}$	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 in.² = 645.16 mm^2 , 1 lb = 0.004448 kN

Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f'c = 2,500 psi. Bond strength values must not be increased for increased concrete compressive strength.

²Temperature Category A: Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 176°F (80°C)

Temperature Category B, Range 1 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 130°F (55°C)

Temperature Category B, Range 2 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 145°F (63°C)

⁵Short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁶The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

⁷Bond strengths shown are for sustained loading. In cases where anchors are subject to short term loads only, bond strengths may be multiplied by 1.13. 8 M10 and M12 diameter bond strengths limited to embedment depths $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$.

TABLE 12—METRIC THREADED ROD BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR ANCHORS INSTALLED WITH **CONTINUOUS SPECIAL INSPECTION 1,6,7**

						NOMINAL THREADED ROD DIAMETER					
	DES	IGN INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
		,	in.	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.5	3.8	4.3	4.7	
	Minimum E	Effective Installation Depth	h _{ef,min}	mm	60	70	80	90	96	108	120
	Mandana	Effective least-listing Double	-	in.	7.9	9.4	12.6	15.7	18.9	21.3	23.6
	Maximum	Effective Installation Depth	h _{ef,max}	mm	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
	Reduction Factor for Seismic Tension			-	0.79	0.99	0.91	0.81	0.88	0.90	0.79
	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		ØN,seis	psi	1615	1585	1535	1485	1435	1395	1360
	Temperature cracked Concrete		$ au_{k,uncr}$	N/mm²	11.1	10.9	10.6	10.2	9.9	9.6	9.4
	Category A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	475	625	750	710	645	660	545
ete		Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm²	3.3	4.3	5.2	4.9	4.4	4.6	3.8
ncr		Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi	1965	1935	1875	1810	1750	1705	1655
Concrete	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	13.5	13.3	12.9	12.5	12.1	11.8	11.4
Dry	Category B, Range	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	580	765	915	865	785	805	665
	Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete			N/mm²	4.0	5.3	6.3	6.0	5.4	5.6	4.6
	Anchor Category, dry concrete		_	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Strength Reduction F		Ød	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
	•	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi	1615	1585	1535	1485	1435	1395	1360
4	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	11.1	10.9	10.6	10.2	9.9	9.6	9.4
ete	Category A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	475	625	750	710	645	660	545
nc		Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm²	3.3	4.3	5.2	4.9	4.4	4.6	3.8
ပိ	_	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-	Tk,uncr	psi	1965	1935	1875	1810	1750	1705	1655
eq	Temperature	cracked Concrete		N/mm²	13.5	13.3	12.9	12.5	12.1	11.8	11.4
Iai	Category B, Range Characteristic Bond Strength in			psi	580	765	915	865	785	805	665
Satı	Temperature Category A ^{2,5} Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete		Tk,cr	N/mm²	4.0	5.3	6.3	6.0	5.4	5.6	4.6
5	Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, 4d ≤ h _{ef} ≤12d		_	-	1	1	2	2	2	1	1
/ate	Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, 4d ≤ h _{ef} ≤12d Strength Reduction Factor, 4d ≤ h _{ef} ≤12d Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, 4d ≤ h _{ef} ≤12d		$\phi_{ m ws}$	-	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.65	0.65
>	Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d		_	-	N/A	N/A	2	2	2	1	1
	Strength Reduction Factor, 12d < hef \(\frac{1200}{120} \)		φws	-	N/A	N/A	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.65	0.65
	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		ĺ	psi	760	745	1000	965	935	1395	1360
	Temperature cracked Concrete		$ au_{k,uncr}$	N/mm²	5.2	5.1	6.9	6.7	6.4	9.6	9.4
<u>a</u>				psi	225	295	490	460	420	660	545
운		Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm²	1.5	2.0	3.4	3.2	2.9	4.6	3.8
Water-filled Hole	_	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi	925	910	1220	1175	1140	1705	1655
Ę	l emperature	cracked Concrete	$ au_{k,uncr}$	N/mm²	6.4	6.3	8.4	8.1	7.8	11.8	11.4
ater	Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	275	360	595	560	510	805	665
Š	I & Z ² , ,,2	Cracked Concrete	T _{k,cr}	N/mm ²	1.9	2.5	4.1	3.9	3.5	5.6	4.6
	Anchor Category, water-filled hole		_	-	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
	Strength Reduction F		ϕ_{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.55	0.55

For **SI**: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 in.² = 645.16 mm^2 , 1 lb = 0.004448 kN

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength f'c = 2,500 psi. Bond strength values must not be increased for increased concrete compressive

²Temperature Category A: Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 176°F (80°C)

³Temperature Category B, Range 1 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 130°F (55°C)

⁴Temperature Category B, Range 2 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 145°F (63°C)

⁵Short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁶The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

Bond strengths shown are for sustained loading. In cases where anchors are subject to short term loads only, bond strengths may be multiplied by 1.13.

⁸M10 and M12 diameter bond strengths limited to embedment depths $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$.

TABLE 13—METRIC REINFORCING BAR BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR ANCHORS INSTALLED WITH PERIODIC SPECIAL INSPECTION 1,6,7

						ı	REINFOR	RCING B	AR SIZE		
	DESI	SYMBOL	UNITS	M10	M12	M16	M20	M25	M28	M32	
	No	da	mm	10	12	16	20	25	28	32	
	Minimum	h _{ef,min}	in.	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.5	3.9	4.4	5.0	
	Minimum Effective Installation Depth			mm	60	70	80	90	100	112	128
	Maximum Effective Installation Depth			in.	7.9	9.4	12.6	15.7	19.7	20	25.2
	,		h _{ef,max}	mm	200	240	320	400	500	560	640
	Reduction Factor for Seismic Tension		$lpha_{N,seis}$	-	0.82	0.91	0.91	0.88	0.92	0.81	0.82
	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-			psi	1300	1270	1225	1190	1150	1120	1085
	Temperature cracked Concrete		$\tau_{k,uncr}$	N/mm ²	9.0	8.8	8.4	8.2	7.9	7.7	7.5
a)	Category A ^{2,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in		_	psi	925	895	1035	880	845	475	450
refe	Cracked Concrete Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-cracked Concrete		Tk,cr	N/mm ²	6.4	6.2	7.1	6.1	5.8	3.3	3.1
Suc	T	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-	_	psi	1585	1550	1495	1450	1405	1365	1325
	Temperature Category B, Range	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	10.9	10.7	10.3	10.0	9.7	9.4	9.1
Dry	1 & 2 ^{3,4,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in	_	psi	1125	1090	1265	1075	1030	580	550
-	1 4 2	Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm ²	7.8	7.5	8.7	7.4	7.1	4.0	3.8
	Anchor Category, dry	/ concrete	_	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Strength Reduction F	actor	ϕ_{d}	ı	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
		Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi	1300	1270	1225	1190	1150	1120	1085
Ф	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	psi N/mm² psi	9.0	8.8	8.4	8.2	7.9	7.7	7.5
Concrete	Category A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in	Tk,cr	psi	925	895	1035	880	845	475	450
200		Cracked Concrete		N/mm ²	6.4	6.2	7.1	6.1	5.8	3.3	3.1
				psi	1585	1550	1495	1450	1405	1365	1325
ted	Temperature cracked Concrete		Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	10.9	10.7	10.3	10.0	9.7	9.4	9.1
ıra	Category B, Range Characteristic Bond Strength in		_	psi	1125	1090	1265	1075	1030	580	550
Sat	Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete		Tk,cr	N/mm ²	7.8	7.5	8.7	7.4	7.1	4.0	3.8
			-	-	1	1	3	3	3	1	1
Vat	Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$ Strength Reduction Factor, $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$		ϕ_{ws}	-	0.65	0.65	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.65	0.65
>	Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d		-	ı	N/A	N/A	3	3	3	1	1
	Strength Reduction Factor, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d ⁸		<i>ф</i> ws	1	N/A	N/A	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.65	0.65
	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		_	psi	520	510	675	655	635	1120	1085
	Temperature cracked Concrete		$\tau_{k,uncr}$	N/mm ²	3.6	3.5	4.6	4.5	4.4	7.7	7.5
<u>e</u>	Category A ^{2,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Noncracked Concrete Characteristic Bond Strength in Noncracked Concrete Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete		_	psi	370	360	570	485	465	475	450
울			Tk,cr	N/mm ²	2.6	2.5	3.9	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.1
led		Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-	_	psi	635	620	820	800	775	1365	1325
<u></u>	Temperature cracked Concrete		$\tau_{k,uncr}$	N/mm ²	4.4	4.3	5.7	5.5	5.3	9.4	9.1
ate	Category B, Range Characteristic Bond Strength in			psi	450	435	695	590	565	580	550
×	1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Cracked Concrete		Tk,cr	N/mm ²	3.1	3.0	4.8	4.1	3.9	4.0	3.8
	Anchor Category, water-filled hole		-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Strength Reduction F		ϕ_{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
_	Strength Reduction Factor For \$1: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 in 2 = 645.16 mm ² , 1 lb = 0.004448 kb										

Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength fc = 2,500 psi. Bond strength values must not be increased for increased concrete compressive strength.

²Temperature Category A: Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 176°F (80°C)

Temperature Category B, Range 1 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 130°F (55°C)

Temperature Category B, Range 2 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 140°F (63°C)

Temperature Category B, Range 2 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 140°F (63°C)

⁵Short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁶The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

⁷Bond strengths shown are for sustained loading. In cases where anchors are subject to short term loads only, bond strengths may be multiplied by 1.13.

⁸M10 and M12 diameter bond strengths limited to embedment depths $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$.

TABLE 14—METRIC REINFORCING BAR BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR ANCHORS INSTALLED WITH **CONTINUOUS SPECIAL INSPECTION 1,6,7**

						ı	REINFO	RCING B	AR SIZE	<u> </u>	
DESIGN INFORMATION				UNITS	M10	M12	M16	M20	M25	M28	M32
Nominal Diameter				mm	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
				in.	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.5	3.9	4.4	5.0
	Minimum E	ffective Installation Depth	h _{ef,min}	mm	60	70	80	90	100	112	128
	Maximum E	ffective Installation Depth	h .	in.	7.9	9.4	12.6	15.7	19.7	20	25.2
	Maximum	Hective installation Depth	h _{ef,max}	mm	200	240	320	400	500	560	640
	Reduction F	actor for Seismic Tension	<i>α</i> N,seis	-	0.82	0.91	0.91	0.88	0.92	0.81	0.82
		Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-	_	psi	1300	1270	1225	1190	1150	1120	1085
	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	9.0	8.8	8.4	8.2	7.9	7.7	7.5
a	Category A ^{2,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in	_	psi	925	895	1035	880	845	475	450
Dry Concrete		Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm ²	6.4	6.2	7.1	6.1	5.8	3.3	3.1
l C	_ ,	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi	1585	1550	1495	1450	1405	1365	1325
ပိ	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	10.9	10.7	10.3	10.0	9.7	9.4	9.1
٦r	Category B, Range	Characteristic Bond Strength in		psi	1125	1090	1265	1075	1030	580	550
	1 & 2	Cracked Concrete	Tk,cr	N/mm ²	7.8	7.5	8.7	7.4	7.1	4.0	3.8
	Anchor Category, dry	/ concrete	_	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Strength Reduction F		ϕ_{d}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
	-	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi	1300	1270	1225	1190	1150	1120	1085
a)	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	9.0	8.8	8.4	8.2	7.9	7.7	7.5
rete	Category A ^{2.5} Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5}	Characteristic Bond Strength in	T _{k,Cr}	psi	925	895	1035	880	845	475	450
nc		Cracked Concrete		N/mm ²	6.4	6.2	7.1	6.1	5.8	3.3	3.1
ŏ	Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-			psi	1585	1550	1495	1450	1405	1365	1325
ted	Temperature cracked Concrete		Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	10.9	10.7	10.3	10.0	9.7	9.4	9.1
ıra	Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in			psi	1125	1090	1265	1075	1030	580	550
Cracked Concrete		$\tau_{k,cr}$	N/mm²	7.8	7.5	8.7	7.4	7.1	4.0	3.8	
Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$		-	-	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	
Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$ Strength Reduction Factor, $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$		Øws	-	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.65	0.65	
Anchor Category, water saturated concrete, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d		_	-	N/A	N/A	2	2	2	1	1	
Strength Reduction Factor, 12d < h _{ef} ≤20d ⁸		Øws	-	N/A	N/A	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.65	0.65	
Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-			psi	610	595	795	775	750	1120	1085	
Temperature cracked Concrete		Tk,uncr	N/mm ²	4.2	4.1	5.5	5.3	5.2	7.7	7.5	
<u>e</u>	© Category A ^{2,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in			psi	435	420	675	570	550	475	450
운	Cracked Concrete		Tk,cr	N/mm²	3.0	2.9	4.6	3.9	3.8	3.3	3.1
eq		Characteristic Bond Strength in Non-		psi	745	730	970	945	915	1365	1325
ij	Temperature	cracked Concrete	Tk,uncr	N/mm²	5.1	5.0	6.7	6.5	6.3	9.4	9.1
ıter	Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in			psi	530	510	820	700	670	580	550
Ne	Category A ^{2,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Temperature Category B, Range 1 & 2 ^{3,4,5} Characteristic Bond Strength in Noncracked Concrete Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete		Tk,cr	N/mm ²	3.6	3.5	5.7	4.8	4.6	4.0	3.8
	Anchor Category, water-filled hole		_	-	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
	Strength Reduction Factor			-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.55	0.55
_		1 in 2 = 645 16 mm 2 1 lb = 0.004448 kN	$\phi_{\scriptscriptstyle \mathcal{W}f}$								

Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength $f_c = 2,500$ psi. Bond strength values must not be increased for increased concrete compressive strength.

²Temperature Category A: Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 176°F (80°C)

³Temperature Category B, Range 1 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 130°F (55°C) ⁴Temperature Category B, Range 2 = Maximum Long Term Temperature: 110°F (43°C); Maximum Short Term Temperature: 145°F (63°C)

⁵Short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g., as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁶The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 are used in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

⁷Bond strengths shown are for sustained loading. In cases where anchors are subject to short term loads only, bond strengths may be multiplied by 1.13.

⁸M10 and M12 diameter bond strengths limited to embedment depths $4d \le h_{ef} \le 12d$.

TABLE 15—DEVELOPMENT LENGTH FOR GRADE 60 FRACTIONAL REINFORCING BARS INSTALLED WITH SIKA ANCHORFIX®-3030 IN NORMAL WEIGHT CONCRETE^{1, 2, 4,5}

						Bar	size			
DESIGN INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10
Nominal reinforcing	,	in.	0.375	0.500	0.625	0.750	0.875	1.000	1.125	1.250
bar diameter	d₅	(mm)	(9.5)	(12.7)	(15.9)	(19.1)	(22.2)	(25.4)	(28.6)	(31.8)
		in ²	0.11	0.20	0.31	0.44	0.60	0.79	1.00	1.27
Nominal bar area	Ab	(mm²)	(71.3)	(126.7)	(197.9)	(285.0)	(387.9)	(506.7)	(644.7)	(817.3)
Development length for $f_v = 60$ ksi and f'_c	1.	in.	12.0	14.4	18.0	21.6	31.5	36.0	40.5	45.0
$= 2,500 \text{ psi}^3$	I _d	(mm)	(304.8)	(365.8)	(457.2)	(548.6)	(800.1)	(914.4)	(1028.7)	(1143)
Development length		in.	12.0	12.0	14.2	17.1	24.9	28.5	32.0	35.6
for $f_y = 60$ ksi and f'_c = 4,000 psi ³	I _d	(mm)	(304.8)	(304.8)	(361.4)	(433.7)	(632.5)	(722.9)	(812.8)	(904.2)

For SI: 1 inch \equiv 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

$${}^{4}\left(\frac{c_{b}+K_{tr}}{d_{b}}\right)=2.5\,,\;\psi_{f}=1.0,\;\psi_{e}=1.0,\;\psi_{s}=0.8\;\text{for}\;d_{b}\leq\#6,\;1.0\;\text{for}\;d_{b}>\#6.$$

⁵Calculations may be performed for other steel grades and concrete compressive strengths per ACI 318-14 Chapter 25 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 12, as applicable.

TABLE 16—DEVELOPMENT LENGTH FOR 500 MPA (72.5 KSI) METRIC REINFORCING BARS INSTALLED WITH SIKA ANCHORFIX®-3030 IN NORMAL WEIGHT CONCRETE^{1, 2, 4,5}

						Bar size			
DESIGN INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
Nominal reinforcing	d _b	mm	10	12	16	20	25	28	32
bar diameter	U _b	(in.)	(0.394)	(0.472)	(0.630)	(0.787)	(0.984)	(1.102)	(1.260)
Nominal bar area	A _b	mm² (in²)	78.5 (0.12)	113 (0.18)	201 (0.31)	314 (0.49)	491 (0.76)	616 (0.95)	804 (1.25)
Development length for $f_y = 72.5$ ksi and f_c	la	mm	348	417	556	871	1087	1218	1392
= 2,500 psi (normal weight concrete) ³	70	(in.)	(13.7)	(16.4)	(21.9)	(34.3)	(42.8)	(47.9)	(54.8)
Development length for $f_y = 72.5$ ksi and f_c	ld	mm	305	330	439	688	859	963	1100
= 4,000 psi (normal weight concrete) ³	la la	(in.)	(12.0)	(13.0)	(17.3)	(27.1)	(33.8)	(37.9)	(43.3)

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N, 1 psi = 0.006897 MPa.

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi

$${}^{4}\left(\frac{c_{b}+K_{tr}}{d_{b}}\right)=2.5\,,\; \psi_{t}=1.0,\; \psi_{e}=1.0,\; \psi_{s}=0.8\; \text{for}\; d_{b}<20\text{mm},\; 1.0\; \text{for}\; d_{b}\geq20\text{mm}.$$

⁵Calculations may be performed for other steel grades and concrete compressive strengths per ACI 318-14 Chapter 25 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 12, as applicable

¹Development lengths valid for static, wind, and earthquake loads (SDC A and B).

² Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21 and Section 4.2.4 of this report. The value of f'e used to calculate development lengths shall not exceed 2,500 psi for post-installed reinforcing bar applications in SDCs C, D, E, and F.

³ For sand-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 33%, unless the provisions of ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 12.2.4 (d) are met to permit λ

¹Development lengths valid for static, wind, and earthquake loads (SDC A and B).

²Development lengths in SDC C through F must comply with ACI 318-14 Chapter 18 or ACI 318-11 Chapter 21 and section 4.2.4 of this report. The value of f'_c used to calculate development lengths shall not exceed 2,500 psi for post-installed reinforcing bar applications in SDCs C, D, E, and F.

For sand-lightweight concrete, increase development length by 33%, unless the provisions of ACI 318-14 25.4.2.4 or ACI 318-11 12.2.4 (d) are met to permit





Left to right: Sika AnchorFix®-3030 385ml, Sika AnchorFix®-3030 585ml



SAF-Q mixing Nozzle



SAF-Q2-Flow mixing Nozzle



SAF EZ-Flow mixing Nozzle



Left to right 3/8" (9mm) dia. Y1 extension tube, 9/16" (14mm) dia. Y2 extension tube, resin stoppers



TABLE 17—INSTALL PARAMETERS (FRACTIONAL SIZES)

THREADED ROD INSTALLATIONS (FRACTIONAL)											
Anchor	Drilled	Cleaning	Nozzle Type			Extension Tube	Resin				
Size	Hole Size	Brush Size	SAF-Q	SAF- Q2	SAF EZ- Flow	Required?	Stopper Required?	Notes			
		- Commence of the state of the									
³ / ₈ "	1/2"	S14H/F	/		/	Y1 > 3.5" h _{ef}	N				
¹ / ₂ "	9/16"	S16H/F	~		/	Y1 > 3.5" h _{ef}	N				
5/8"	3/4"	S22H/F	/	/	'	Y2 > 10" h _{ef}	RS18>10"h _{ef}	SAF-QH nozzle required at h _{ef} > 8"			
3/4"	⁷ / ₈ "	S24H/F		/		Y2 > 10" h _{ef}	RS18>10"h _{ef}				
⁷ / ₈ "	1"	S27H/F		/		Y2 > 10" h _{ef}	RS22>10"h _{ef}				
1"	1 ¹ / ₈ "	S31H/F		/		Y2 > 10" h _{ef}	RS22>10"h _{ef}				
1 ¹ / ₄ "	1 ³ / ₈ "	S38H/F		/		Y2 > 10" h _{ef}	RS30>10"h _{ef}				

REINFORCING BAR INSTALLATIONS

Anchor	Drilled	Cleaning	ı	Nozzle Type		Extension Tube	Resin	
Size	Hole Size	Brush Size	SAF-Q	SAF- Q2	SAF EZ- Flow	Required?	Stopper Required?	Notes
		• The second of						
#3	⁹ / ₁₆ "	S16H/F	/		/	Y1 > 3.5" h _{ef}	N	
#4	⁵ / ₈ "	S18H/F	✓	/	~	Y1 > 3.5" h _{ef}	N	SAF-Q2 nozzle required at h _{ef} > 3.5"
#5	³ / ₄ "	S22H/F	>	>	'	Y2 > 10" h _{ef}	RS18>10"h _{ef}	SAF-Q2 nozzle required at h _{ef} > 8"
#6	⁷ / ₈ "	S27H/F		>		Y2 > 10" h _{ef}	RS18>10"h _{ef}	
#7	1"	S31H/F		>		Y2 > 10" h _{ef}	RS22>10"h _{ef}	
#8	1 ¹ / ₈ "	S35H/F		>		Y2 > 10" h _{ef}	RS22>10"h _{ef}	
#10	1 ³ / ₈ "	S43H/F		/		Y2 > 10" h _{ef}	RS30>10"h _{ef}	

<u>Key:</u> Y1

Requires $^3/_8$ "-diameter extension tube fitted to SAF-Q nozzle Requires $^9/_{16}$ "-diameter extension tube fitted to SAF-Q2 nozzle

Y2

RS18 Use 18 mm-diameter resin stopper RS22 Use 22 mm-diameter resin stopper Use 30 mm-diameter resin stopper Not required RS30

Ν H F Brush with handle Brush with ferrule



TABLE 18—INSTALL PARAMETERS (METRIC SIZES)

	THREADED ROD INSTALLATIONS (METRIC)										
		1				ALLATIONS (METR	IC)	1			
Anchor Size	Drilled Hole Size	Cleaning Brush Size	SAF-Q	ozzle Typ SAF- Q2	SAF EZ- Flow	Extension Tube Required?	Resin Stopper Required?	Notes			
		«Приноприноприноприном (ПППППППППППППППППППППППППППППППППППП									
M8	10	S11H/F	/		~	Y1 >90 mm h _{ef}	N				
M10	12	S14H/F	/		~	Y1 >90 mm h _{ef}	N				
M12	14	S16H/F	/		/	Y1 > 90 mm h _{ef}	N				
M16	18	S20H/F	>	/	/	Y2 > 250 mm h _{ef}	RS18> 250 mm h _{ef}	SAF-Q2 nozzle required at h _{ef} > 200 mm			
M20	22	S24H/F		/		Y2 > 250 mm h _{ef}	RS18> 250 mm h _{ef}				
M24	26	S31H/F		/		Y2 > 250 mm h _{ef}	RS22> 250 mm h _{ef}				
M27	30	S35H/F		/		Y2 > 250 mm h _{ef}	RS22> 250 mm h _{ef}				
M30	35	S38H/F		/		Y2 > 250 mm h _{ef}	RS30> 250 mm h _{ef}				
			REIN	FORCING	BAR INST	ALLATIONS (MET					
Anchor	Drilled Hole	Cleaning	N	ozzle Typ		Extension Tube	Resin Stopper	Notes			
Size	Size	Brush Size	SAF-Q	SAF- Q2	SAF EZ-Flow	Required?	Required?	Notes			
		• Bernanden en e									
M10	14	S14H/F	/		V	Y1 > 90 mm h _{ef}	N				
M12	16	S18H/F	✓	/	/	Y1 > 90 mm h _{ef}	N	SAF-Q2 nozzle required at h _{ef} > 90 mm			
M16	20	S22H/F	✓	/	/	Y2 > 250 mm h _{ef}	RS18> 250 mm h _{ef}	SAF-Q2 nozzle required at h _{ef} > 200 mm			
M20	25	S27H/F		/		Y2 > 250 mm h _{ef}	RS22> 250 mm h _{ef}				
M25	32	S35H/F		V		Y2 > 250 mm h _{ef}	RS22> 250 mmh _{ef}				
M28	35	S38H/F		/		Y2 > 250 mm h _{ef}	RS30> 250 mm h _{ef}				
M32	40	S43H/F		/		Y2 > 250 mm h _{ef}	RS30> 250 mm h _{ef}				

Requires 10 mm-diameter extension tube fitted to SAF-Q nozzle

Requires14 mm-diameter extension tube fitted to SAF-Q2 nozzle

RS18 Use 18 mm-diameter resin stopper

RS22 Use 22 mm-diameter resin stopper

RS30 Use 30 mm-diameter resin stopper

Not required

Brush with handle

Brush with ferrule

TABLE 19—ALLOWABLE COMBINATIONS OF CARTRIDGE, MIXER NOZZLE AND DISPENSING TOOL

Sika AnchorFix®-3030 Sika Manual 3:1 385ml spec 26:1 Sika Manual 3:1 585ml spec 26:1 Manual 585ml 3:1 Model: 585-XSP 26:1 Thrust Ratio Newborn Pneumatic TS444KX (3:1) Cox	CARTRIDGE REFERENCE	ALLOWARIE ARRILOATOR TOOLO	ALLO	WABLE NO	ZZLE TYPES
Sika Manual 3:1 385ml spec 26:1 Sika Manual 3:1 585ml spec 26:1 Manual, 585ml 3:1 Model: 585-XSP 26:1 Thrust Ratio Newborn Pneumatic TS444KX (3:1) Cox	CARTRIDGE REFERENCE	ALLOWABLE APPLICATOR TOOLS	SAF-Q	SAF-Q2	SAF EZ-Flow
Sika AnchorFix®-3030 585ml Manual, 585ml 3:1 Model: 585-XSP 26:1 Thrust Ratio Newborn Pneumatic TS444KX (3:1) Cox		Sika Manual 3:1 385ml spec 26:1	•		✓
Model 7000-585-31 cordless		Sika Manual 3:1 585ml spec 26:1 Manual, 585ml 3:1 Model: 585-XSP 26:1 Thrust Ratio Newborn Pneumatic TS444KX (3:1) Cox			



TABLE 20—GEL AND CURE TIMES

SUBSTRATE TEMPERATURE (°C)	SUBSTRATE TEMPERATURE (°F)	GEL TIME	CURE TIME
10 to 15	50 to 59	40 mins	24 hours
15 to 20	59 to 68	25 mins	12 hours
20 to 25	68 to 77	18 mins	8 hours
25 to 30	77 to 86	12 mins	6 hours
30 to 35	86 to 95	8 mins	4 hours
35 to 40	95 to 104	6 mins	2 hours

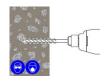
Sika AnchorFix®-3030: MPII

Before commencing installation ensure the installer is equipped with appropriate personal protection equipment, SDS Hammer Drill, Air Lance, Hole Cleaning Brush, good quality dispensing tool – either manual or power operated, adhesive cartridge with mixing nozzle, and extension tube with resin stopper as required in <u>Tables 17</u> and <u>18</u>. Refer to <u>Figure 2</u>, <u>Table 1</u>, <u>Table 17</u>, <u>Table 18</u>, and <u>Table 19</u> for parts specification or guidance for individual items or dimensions.

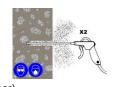
Important: check the expiration date on the cartridge (do not use expired material) and that the cartridge has been stored in its original packaging, the correct way up, in cool conditions (50°F to 77°F) out of direct sunlight.

Solid Substrate Installation Method

 Using the SDS Hammer Drill in rotary hammer mode for drilling, with a carbide tipped drill bit conforming to ANSI B212.15-1994 of the appropriate size, drill the hole to the specified hole diameter and depth.



 Select the correct Air Lance, insert to the bottom of the hole and depress the trigger for 2 seconds. The compressed air must be clean – free from water and oil – and at a minimum pressure of 90 psi (6 bar).



Perform the blowing operation twice.

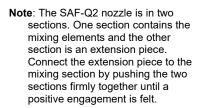
 Select the correct size Hole Cleaning Brush. Ensure that the brush is in good condition and the correct diameter. Insert the brush to the bottom of the hole, using a brush

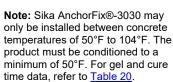


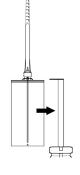
extension if needed to reach the bottom of the hole and withdraw with a twisting motion. There should be positive interaction between the steel bristles of the brush and the sides of the drilled hole.

Perform the brushing operation twice.

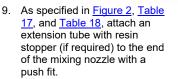
- 4. Repeat 2 (blowing operation) twice.
- 5. Repeat 3 (brushing operation) twice.
- 6. Repeat 2 (blowing operation) twice.
- Select the appropriate static mixer nozzle, checking that the mixing elements are present and correct (do not modify the mixer). Attach mixer nozzle to the cartridge. Check the Dispensing Tool is in good working order. Place the cartridge into the dispensing tool.







 Extrude some resin to waste until an even-colored mixture is extruded, The cartridge is now ready for use.





(The extension tubes may be pushed into the resin stoppers and are held in place with a coarse internal thread).

10. Insert the mixing nozzle to the bottom of the hole. Extrude the resin and slowly withdraw the nozzle from the hole. Ensure no air voids are created as the nozzle is withdrawn. Inject resin until



the hole is approximately $^{3}/_{4}$ full and remove the nozzle from the hole.

11. Select the steel anchor element ensuring it is free from oil or other contaminants, and mark with the required embedment depth. Insert the steel element into the hole using a back and forth twisting



motion to ensure complete cover, until it reaches the bottom of the hole. Adhesive must completely fill the annular gap between the steel element and the concrete. Excess resin will be expelled from the hole evenly around the steel element and there shall be no gaps between the anchor element and the wall of the drilled hole.

- Clean any excess resin from around the mouth of the hole.
- 13. Do not disturb the anchor until at least the minimum cure time has elapsed. Refer to the Table 20 Gel and Cure Times to determine the appropriate cure time.



 Position the fixture and tighten the anchor to the appropriate installation torque.

Do not over-torque the anchor as this could adversely affect its performance.



Overhead Substrate Installation

- Using the SDS Hammer Drill in rotary hammer mode for drilling, with a carbide tipped drill bit conforming to ANSI B212.15-1994 of the appropriate size, drill the hole to the specified hole diameter and depth.
- Select the correct Air Lance, insert to the bottom of the hole and depress the trigger for 2 seconds. The compressed air must be clean – free from water and oil – and at a minimum pressure of 90 psi (6 bar).

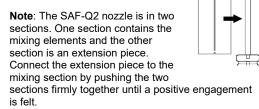


Perform the blowing operation twice.

3. Select the correct size Hole
Cleaning Brush. Ensure that the
brush is in good condition and the
correct diameter. Insert the brush to
the bottom of the hole, using a
brush extension if needed to reach
the bottom of the hole, and withdraw
with a twisting motion. There
should be positive interaction between the steel
bristles of the brush and the sides of the drilled hole.

Perform the brushing operation twice.

- 4. Repeat 2 (blowing operation) twice.
- 5. Repeat 3 (brushing operation) twice.
- 6. Repeat 2 (blowing operation) twice.
- Select the appropriate static mixer nozzle checking that the mixing elements are present and correct (do not modify the mixer). Attach mixer nozzle to the cartridge. Check the Dispensing Tool is in good working order. Place the cartridge into the dispensing tool.



Note: Sika AnchorFix®-3030 may only be installed between concrete Temperatures of 50°F and 104°F for overhead and upwardly inclined installations. The product must be Conditioned to a minimum of 50°F

For gel and cure time data, refer to Table 20.

8. Extrude some resin to waste until an even-colored mixture is extruded, The cartridge is now ready for use.



 As specified in Figure 2, Table 17, and Table 18, attach an extension tube with resin stopper (if required) to the end of the mixing nozzle with a push fit. (The extension tubes may be pushed into the resin stoppers and are held in place with a coarse internal thread).



10. Insert the mixing nozzle, extension tube, or resin stopper (see <u>Tables 17</u> and <u>18</u>) to the end of the hole. Extrude the resin and slowly withdraw the nozzle from the hole. Ensure no air voids are created as the nozzle is withdrawn. Inject resin until the hole is approximately ³/₄ full and remove the nozzle from the hole.



11. Select the steel anchor element ensuring it is free from oil or other contaminants, and mark with the required embedment depth. Insert the steel element into the hole using a back and forth twisting motion to ensure complete cover, until it reaches the bottom of the hole.



Adhesive must completely fill the annular gap between the steel element and the concrete. Excess resin will be expelled from the hole evenly around the steel element and there shall be no gaps between the anchor element and the wall of the drilled hole.

- 12. Clean any excess resin from around the mouth of the hole.
- 13. Do not disturb the anchor until at least the minimum cure time has elapsed. Refer to <u>Table 18</u> Gel and Cure Times to determine the appropriate cure time.



14. Position the fixture and tighten the anchor to the appropriate installation torque.

Do not over-torque the anchor as this could adversely affect its performance.

TABLE 21—EXAMPLE OF ALOWABLE STRESS DESIGN (ASD) TENSION VALUES FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES

	EXAMPLE ALLOWABL	E STRESS DESIGN (ASD) CALCU	LATION FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURF	POSES
Anchor Diameter (in.)	Embedment Depth Max / Min (in.)	Characteristic Bond Strength τ _{k,uncr} (psi)	Allowable Tension Load (lb) 2500 psi - 8000 psi Concrete	Controlling Failure Mode
³ / ₈ "	2.375	2,290	1,929	Breakout Strength
-78	7.500	2,290	4,910	Steel Strength
1	2.750	2,165	2,403	Breakout Strength
¹ / ₂ "	10.000	2,165	8,990	Steel Strength
5/ "	3.125	2,035	2,911	Breakout Strength
⁵ / ₈ "	12.500	2,035	14,316	Steel Strength
3/ 11	3.500	1,910	3,451	Breakout Strength
³ / ₄ "	15.000	1,910	21,157	Steel Strength
7/ "	4.000	1,780	4,216	Breakout Strength
⁷ / ₈ "	17.500	1,780	29,265	Steel Strength
	4.000	1,655	4,216	Breakout Strength
1"	20.000	1,655	38,387	Steel Strength
41/ 11	4.000	1,395	4,216	Breakout Strength
11/4"	25.000	1,395	61,381	Steel Strength

Design Assumptions:

- 1. Single anchor in static tension only, Grade B7 threaded rod.
- 2. Vertical downwards installation.
- 3. Inspection regimen = Periodic.
- 4. Installation temperature 70F to 110F
- 5. Long term temperature 110F
- 6. Short term temperature 130F
- 7. Dry condition (carbide drilled hoe).
- 8. Embedment $(h_{ef}) = min / max$ for each diameter.
- 9. Concrete determined to remain uncracked for life of anchor.
- 10. Load combinations from ACI 318-14 Section 5.3 (no seismic loading).
- 11. 30% dead load and 70% live load. Controlling load combination 1.2D + 1.6L $\,$
- 12. Calculation of weighted average for α = 1.2(0.3) + 1.6(0.7) = 1.48
- 13. f_c = 2500 psi (normal weight concrete)
- 14. $c_{ac1} = c_{ac2} \ge c_{ac}$
- 15. h ≥ h_{min}

ILLUSTRATIVE PROCEDURE TO CALCULATE ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN TENSION VALUE

Sika AnchorFix®-3030 Anchor ¹/₂" Diameter, using an embedment of 2.75", with the design assumptions given in Table 21 (for use with the 2018 IBC, based on ACI 318-14)

Procedure

- Step 1: Calculate steel strength of a single anchor in tension per ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2 (Table 2 of this report).
- Step 2: Calculate breakout strength of a single anchor in tension per ACI 318-14 17.4.2 (Table 5 of this report).

Step 3: Calculate bond strength of a single anchor in tension per ACI 318-14 17.4.5 (Table 7 of this report).

- Step 4: Determine controlling resistance strength in tension per ACI 318-14 17.3.1.1 and 17.3.1.2.
- Step 5: Calculate Allowable Stress Design conversion factor for loading condition per ACI 318-14 Section 5.3.
- Step 6: Calculate Allowable Stress Design value per Section 4.3 of this report.

Calculation

$$\phi N_{sa} = \phi N_{sa}$$

= 0.65 x 17740
= 11531 lb

$$N_b = k_{c,uncr} \lambda_a \sqrt{(f'_c) h_{ef}^{1.5}}$$
=(24) x(1.0) x (2500)^{0.5} x (2.75)^{1.5}
=5472 lb

$$\phi N_{cb} = \phi (A_{NC} / A_{NC0}) \psi_{ed,N} \psi_{c,N} \psi_{cp,N} N_b$$
=0.65 x 1.0 x 1.0 x 1.0 x 1.0 x 5472
=3557 lb

$$N_{ba} = \lambda_a \, \tau_{k,uncr} \pi \, d \, h_{ef}$$

= 1.0 x 2165 x 3.141 x 0.5 x 2.75
= 9350 lb

$$\phi N_a = \phi (A_{Na} / A_{Na0}) \psi_{ed,Na} \psi_{cp,Na} N_{ba}$$

= 0.65 x 1.0 x 1.0 x 1.0 x 9350
= 6078 lb

$$\alpha$$
 = 1.2DL + 1.6LL
= 1.2*0.3 + 1.6*0.7
= 1.48

$$T_{allowable,ASD} = 3557 / 1.48$$

= 2403 lb



ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-4778 City of LA Supplement

Reissued February 2025

This report is subject to renewal February 2026.

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A Subsidiary of the International Code Council®

DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS

Section: 05 05 19—Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

SIKA SERVICES AG

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

SIKA ANCHORFIX $^{\circ}$ -3030 ADHESIVE ANCHORS AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that Sika AnchorFix®-3030 Adhesive Anchors and the Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections in cracked and uncracked concrete, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4778, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below as adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS).

Applicable code editions:

- 2020 City of Los Angeles Building Code (LABC)
- 2020 City of Los Angeles Residential Code (LARC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Sika AnchorFix®-3030 Adhesive Anchors and the Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections in cracked and uncracked concrete, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report <u>ESR-4778</u>, comply with the LABC Chapter 19, and the LARC, and are subject to the conditions of use described in this supplement.

3.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The Sika AnchorFix®-3030 Adhesive Anchors and the Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections in cracked and uncracked concrete described in this evaluation report must comply with all of the following conditions:

- All applicable sections in the evaluation report ESR-4778.
- The design, installation, conditions of use and labeling of the anchors are in accordance with the 2018 International Building
 Code® (2018 IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report ESR-4778.
- The design, installation and inspection are in accordance with additional requirements of LABC Chapters 16 and 17, as applicable.
- Under the LARC, an engineered design in accordance with LARC Section R301.1.3 must be submitted.
- The allowable and strength design values listed in the evaluation report and tables are for the connection of the anchors or reinforcing bars to the concrete. The connection between the anchors or the reinforcing bars and the connected members shall be checked for capacity (which may govern).
- For use in wall anchorage assemblies to flexible diaphragm applications, anchors shall be designed per the requirements
 of City of Los Angeles Information Bulletin P/BC 2017-071.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued February 2025.





ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-4778 FL Supplement

Reissued February 2025 This report is subject to renewal February 2026.

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EVALUATION SUBJECT:

SIKA ANCHORFIX $^{\circ}$ -3030 ADHESIVE ANCHORS AND POST INSTALLED REINFORCING BAR CONNECTIONS FOR CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the Sika AnchorFix®-3030 Adhesive Anchors are used as anchorage and the Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4778, has also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Applicable code editions:

- 2020 and 2017 Florida Building Code—Building
- 2020 and 2017 Florida Building Code—Residential

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Sika AnchorFix®-3030 Adhesive Anchors and the Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-4778, comply with the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, provided the design requirements are determined in accordance with the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, as applicable. The installation requirements noted in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-4778 for the 2018 and 2015 *International Building Code®* meet the requirements of the *Florida Building Code—Building* or the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, as applicable.

Use of the Sika AnchorFix®-3030 Adhesive Anchors and the Post-Installed Reinforcing Bar Connections has also been found to be in compliance with the High-Velocity Hurricane Zone provisions of the *Florida Building Code—Building* and *Florida Building Code—Residential* with the following condition:

a) For connections subject to uplift, the connection must be designed for no less than 700 pounds (3114 N).

For products falling under Florida Rule 61G20-3, verification that the report holder's quality assurance program is audited by a quality assurance entity approved by the Florida Building Commission for the type of inspections being conducted is the responsibility of an approved validation entity (or the code official, when the report holder does not possess an approval by the Commission).

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued February 2025.

