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ESR-3599

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DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE SECTION: 03 16 00—CONCRETE ANCHORS

REPORT HOLDER:

TOMARCO CONTRACTOR SPECIALTIES, INC., dba ISAT, dba CEAS

14848 NORTHAM STREET LA MIRADA, CALIFORNIA 90638

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

ISAT "BLUE BANGER HANGER" HEADED, CAST-IN- PLACE DECK INSERTS: PIP POURED-IN-PLACE AND SDI STEEL DECK INSERTS IN CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE; ISAT "PUSH ROD HANGERS" (CEAS "PUSH ROD") HEADED, CAST-IN-PLACE DECK INSERTS: ISAT-PRPIP3812 (PRPIP3812) PUSH ROD POURED-IN-PLACE AND ISAT-PRSDI3812 (PRSDI3812) PUSH ROD STEEL DECK INSERTS IN CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE



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DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

REPORT HOLDER:

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EVALUATION SUBJECT:

ISAT "BLUE BANGER HANGER" HEADED, CAST-IN-PLACE DECK INSERTS: PIP POURED-IN-PLACE AND SDI STEEL DECK INSERTS IN CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE; ISAT "PUSH ROD HANGERS" (CEAS "PUSH ROD") HEADED, CAST-IN-PLACE DECK INSERTS: ISAT-PRPIP3812 (PRPIP3812) PUSH ROD POURED-IN-PLACE AND ISAT-PRSDI3812 (PRSDI3812) PUSH ROD STEEL DECK INSERTS IN CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2015, 2012, 2009 and 2006 *International Building Code*[®] (IBC)
- 2015, 2012, 2009 and 2006 International Residential Code[®] (IRC)

Properties evaluated:

Structural

2.0 USES

The ISAT PIP and ISAT-PRPIP3812 (PRPIP3812) concrete inserts are used to resist static, wind, and seismic tension and shear loads in cracked and uncracked normal-weight concrete and sand-lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f_c , of 3,000 psi to 10,000 psi (20.7 MPa to 68.9 MPa).

The ISAT SDI and ISAT-PRSDI3812 (PRSDI3812) steel deck concrete inserts are used to resist static, wind, and

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seismic tension and shear loads in the soffit of cracked and uncracked normal-weight concrete and sand-lightweight concrete on metal deck having a specified compressive strength, f'_{c} , of 3,000 psi to 10,000 psi (20.7 MPa to 68.9 MPa).

There are three models for the PIP inserts: PIP143812-2, PIP381258-2, and PIP5834-2. The PIP143812-2 is used with a threaded rod size of $^{1}/_{4}$ inch, $^{3}/_{8}$ inch, or $^{1}/_{2}$ inch; the PIP381258-2 is used with a threaded rod size of $^{3}/_{8}$ inch, $^{1}/_{2}$ inch, or $^{5}/_{8}$ inch; and the PIP5834-2 is used with a threaded rod size of $^{5}/_{8}$ inch or $^{3}/_{4}$ inch.

There are three models for the SDI inserts: SDI143812, SDI381258, and SDI5834. The SDI143812 is used with a threaded rod size of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch, $\frac{3}{8}$ inch, or $\frac{1}{2}$ inch; the SDI381258 is used with a threaded rod size of $\frac{3}{8}$ inch, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch, or $\frac{5}{8}$ inch; and the SDI5834 is used with a threaded rod size of $\frac{5}{8}$ inch; or $\frac{3}{4}$ inch.

The ISAT-PRPIP3812 insert is used with a threaded rod size of ${}^{3}/_{8}$ inch and ${}^{1}/_{2}$ inch. The threaded rod is installed by either directly pushing into the concrete insert or pushing into the concrete insert then tightening.

The ISAT-PRSDI3812 insert is used with a threaded rod size of ${}^{3}/_{8}$ inch and ${}^{1}/_{2}$ inch. The threaded rod is installed by either directly pushing into the concrete insert or pushing into the concrete insert then tightening.

For any application that includes shear loads, the largest size of threaded rod specified for each insert must be used.

Reference to "inserts" in this report refers to the manufactured specialty anchorage products (PIPs, SDIs, ISAT-PRPIP3812, and ISAT-PRSDI3812) used in concrete; reference to "anchors" in this report refers to the installed inserts in concrete with threaded rods. This report only covers the properties of the inserts and threaded rods used with ISAT-PRPIP3812 and ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts.

The inserts are alternatives to cast-in anchors described in Section 1901.3 of the 2015 IBC, Sections 1908 and 1909 of the 2012 IBC and Sections 1911 and 1912 of the 2009 and 2006 IBC. The anchors may be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC. See Table 1 for a correlation of product names between the report holder and the additional listee.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 PIP, SDI, ISAT-PRPIP3812, and ISAT-PRSDI3812 Inserts:

The PIP inserts are cast-in concrete inserts. The insert consists of a steel internally threaded headed insert

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(anchor body), an outer plastic sleeve, and nails used to attach the insert to the inside surface of concrete formwork. The PIP insert is illustrated in Figure 1. The internally threaded insert is manufactured from carbon steel GB/T 6478 Grade U40088 (ML08A1), GB/T 700 Grade Q195, or JIS G3507-1 Grade SWRCH8A. The PIP inserts have a minimum 5.1 μ m (0.0002-inch) zinc plating. The plastic sleeve is fabricated from high-impact Type J340 PP (polypropylene) or equivalent. The plastic sleeve thickness is a maximum of 0.053 inch (1.35 mm).

The ISAT-PRPIP3812 inserts are cast-in concrete inserts. The insert consists of a steel internally threaded headed insert (anchor body), an outer plastic sleeve, and nails used to attach the insert to the inside surface of concrete formwork. The ISAT-PRPIP3812 insert is illustrated in Figure 1A (Figure 1B illustrates the PRPIP3812 insert). The internally threaded insert is manufactured from carbon steel GB/T 6478 Grade ML08A1, ASTM A29 Grade 1010, or JIS G3507-1 Grade SWRCH8A. The ISAT-PRPIP3812 inserts have a minimum 5.1 µm (0.0002-inch) zinc plating. The plastic sleeve is fabricated from high-impact Type J340 PP (polypropylene) or equivalent.

The SDI inserts are cast-in concrete inserts. The insert consists of a steel internally threaded headed insert (anchor body), an outer spring, a plastic sleeve, and a washer (base plate). The SDI insert is illustrated in Figure 2. The internally threaded insert and washer are manufactured from carbon steel GB/T 6478 Grade U40088 (ML08A1), GB/T 700 Grade Q195, or JIS G3507-1 Grade SWRCH8A. The SDI inserts have a minimum 5.1 μ m (0.0002-inch) zinc plating. The spring is manufactured from #72A or JISG3521-91 spring steel. The plastic sleeve is fabricated from high-impact Type J340 PP (polypropylene) or equivalent.

The ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts are cast-in concrete inserts. The insert consists of a steel internally threaded headed insert (anchor body), an outer spring, a plastic sleeve, and a washer (base plate). The ISAT-PRSDI3812 insert is illustrated in Figure 2A (Figure 2B illustrates the PRSDI3812 insert). The internally threaded insert is manufactured from carbon steel GB/T 6478 Grade ML08A1, ASTM A29 Grade 1010, or JIS G3507-1 Grade SWRCH8A. The ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts have a minimum 5.1 µm (0.0002-inch) zinc plating. The spring is manufactured from ASTM A29 Grade 1070, JIS G3506 Grade SWRH72A, or GB/T 1222 Grade 70 spring steel. The plastic sleeve is fabricated from high-impact Type J340 PP (polypropylene) or equivalent.

The anchor assembly is comprised of a PIP, SDI, ISAT-PRPIP3812 or ISAT-PRSDI3812 insert with a threaded rod. For ISAT-PRPIP3812 and ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts, the anchor assembly includes a factory assembled ASTM A307 Grade A (or materially equivalent) threaded rod with a factory crimped engagement marker at one end. The PIP and ISAT-PRPIP3812 inserts are installed on the inside surface of wood formwork and the nails driven into the form until the insert base sits flush on the form. The SDI and ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts are installed in a predrilled hole in the topside of the metal deck, and impacted with sufficient force to compress the spring and drive the flared plastic fins completely through the hole. Concrete can then be cast over the insert.

3.2 Concrete:

Normal-weight and sand-lightweight concrete must conform to Sections 1903 and 1905 of the IBC.

3.3 Steel Deck Panels:

Steel deck panels must be in accordance with the configuration in Figure 4 or Figure 4A and have a minimum base steel thickness of 20 gage [0.035 inch (0.899 mm)]. Steel must comply with ASTM A653/A653M SS Grade 50 and have a minimum yield strength of 50,000 psi (345 MPa).

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Strength Design:

For any application that includes shear loads, the largest size of threaded rod specified for each insert must be used, that is: 1/2-inch threaded rod only for PIP143812-2, SDI143812, ISAT-PRPIP3812, and ISAT-PRSDI3812; 5/8-inch threaded rod only for PIP381258-2 and SDI381258; and 3/4-inch threaded rod only for PIP5834-2 and SDI5834. Smaller diameter threaded rods are permitted to resist tension loads only.

4.1.1 General: Design strength of anchors complying with the 2015 IBC as well as Section R301.1.3 of the 2015 IRC must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 and this report.

Design strength of anchors complying with the 2012 IBC as well as Section R301.1.3 of the 2012 IRC, must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix D and this report.

Design strength of anchors complying with the 2009 IBC and Section R301.1.3 of the 2009 IRC must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-08 Appendix D and this report.

Design strength of anchors complying with the 2006 IBC and Section R301.1.3 of the 2006 IRC must be in accordance with ACI 318-05 Appendix D and this report.

Design parameters provided in Tables 2, 2A, 3, and 3A of this report are based on the 2015 IBC (ACI 318-14) and the 2012 IBC (ACI 318-11), as applicable, unless noted otherwise in Sections 4.1.1 through 4.1.12. The strength design of anchors must comply with ACI 318-14 17.3.1 or ACI 318-11 D.4.1, as applicable, except as required in ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable.

Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as given in ACI 318-14 17.3.3 and ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, for cast-in headed anchors, must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.2 of the IBC, Section 5.3 of ACI 318-14 and Section 9.2 of ACI 318-11. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as given in ACI 318-11 D.4.4 must be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix C. An example calculation in accordance with the 2012 IBC is provided in Figure 8. The value of f'_c used in the calculations must be limited to a maximum of 10,000 psi (68.9 MPa), in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable.

The pullout strength in tension is not decisive for design and does not need to be evaluated.

4.1.2 Requirements for Static Steel Strength in Tension: The nominal static steel strength in tension, N_{sa} , of a single anchor must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.1 or ACI 318-11 D.5.1, as applicable, for the threaded rod, not to exceed the values of $N_{sa,insert}$ in Tables 2, 2A, 3 and 3A of this report. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , corresponding to non-ductile steel shall be used when $\phi N_{sa,insert}$ controls the design strength for PIP and SDI inserts. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , corresponding to ductile steel shall be used when $\phi N_{sa,insert}$ controls the design strength for ISAT-PRPIP3812 and ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts. When the threaded rod strength controls, the strength reduction factor, ϕ , corresponding to the threaded rod shall be used.

4.1.3 Requirements for Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension: For the PIP, SDI, ISAT-PRPIP3812, and ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors, the nominal concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in tension, N_{cb} or N_{cbg}, respectively, must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2 as applicable for cast-in bolts, with modifications as described in this section, and with Figures 1, 1A (Figure 1B for PRPIP3812), 2, and 2A (Figure 2B for PRSDI3812) of this report. The basic concrete breakout strength in tension, N_b , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2, as applicable, using the values of h_{ef} given in Tables 2, 2A, 3, and 3A, and $k_c = 24$. The nominal concrete breakout strength in tension in regions where analysis indicates no cracking in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.2.6 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.6, as applicable, must be calculated with $\Psi_{c,N}$ = 1.25. SDI For the and ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts installed in the soffit of sand-lightweight or normal-weight concrete on steel deck, the contribution of the metal deck strength must be ignored and the calculations of A_{Nc} / A_{Nco} and $c_{a,min}$ (minimum edge distance) must be based on Figure 5.

4.1.4 Requirements for Static Side-Face Blowout Strength in Tension: For the PIP and ISAT-PRPIP3812 anchors, the nominal side-face blowout strength of a headed insert, N_{sb} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.4.1 or ACI 318-11 D.5.4.1, as applicable, for the cast-in headed insert, in cracked and uncracked concrete, as applicable.

For the SDI and ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts installed in the soffit of sand-lightweight or normal-weight concrete on steel deck floor and roof assemblies as shown in Figures 4 and 4A, respectively, calculation of the concrete side blowout strength is not required.

4.1.5 Requirements for Static Steel Strength in Shear: For any applications having a shear component, the largest size of threaded rod specified for each insert must be used.

For PIP and ISAT-PRPIP3812 anchors, the nominal steel strength in shear, V_{sa} , of a single PIP insert and ISAT-PRPIP3812 insert are given in Tables 2 and 2A, respectively, and must be used in lieu of the values derived by calculation from ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.5.1.2a or 17.5.1.2b; or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-28 or D-29, as applicable.

For SDI and ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors, the nominal steel strength in shear, $V_{sa,deck,lower}$ and $V_{sa,deck,upper}$, of a single SDI insert and ISAT-PRSDI3812 insert, at lower flute and upper flute, respectively, are given in Tables 3 and 3A of this report, respectively, and must be used in lieu of the values derived by calculation from ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.5.1.2a or 17.5.1.2b; or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-28 or D-29, as applicable.

4.1.6 Requirements for Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear: For PIP and ISAT-PRPIP3812 anchors, the nominal concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} , respectively, must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2, as applicable. The basic concrete breakout strength, V_b , must be calculated For the SDI and ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts installed in the soffit of sand-lightweight or normal-weight concrete on steel deck floor and roof assemblies, as shown in Figure 4 and 4A, respectively, calculation of the concrete breakout strength in shear is not required.

4.1.7 Requirements for Static Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear: For PIP and ISAT-PRPIP3812 anchors, the nominal concrete pryout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} , respectively, must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 D.6.3, as applicable.

For the SDI and ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts installed in the soffit of sand-lightweight or normal-weight concrete over profile steel deck floor and roof assemblies, as shown in Figure 4 and 4A, respectively, calculation of the concrete pry-out strength in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 D.6.3, as applicable, is not required.

4.1.8 Requirements for Seismic Design:

4.1.8.1 General: For load combinations including seismic, the design must be performed in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable. Modifications to ACI 318-14 17.2.3 shall be applied under Section 1905.1.8 of the 2015 IBC. For the 2012 IBC, Section 1905.1.9 shall be omitted. Modifications to ACI 318-08 and -05 D.3.3 shall be applied under Section 1908.1.9 of the 2009 IBC, or Section 1908.1.16 of the 2006 IBC, as applicable. The nominal concrete breakout strength

(for PIP, SDI, ISAT-PRPIP3812, and ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors) and nominal concrete side-face blowout strength (for PIP and ISAT-PRPIP3812 anchors only) for anchors in tension, and the nominal concrete breakout strength and pryout strength (for PIP, ISAT-PRPIP3812, and upper flute of SDI and ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors) for anchors in shear, must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4 and 17.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5 and D.6, as applicable. The anchors may be installed in Seismic Design Categories A through F of the IBC. The anchors comply with ACI 318-14 2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.1, as applicable, as brittle steel elements and must be designed in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.2.3.4, 17.2.3.5, 17.2.3.6, or 17.2.3.7; ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4, D.3.3.5, D.3.3.6 or D.3.3.7; ACI 318-08 D.3.3.4, D.3.3.5 or D.3.3.6; or ACI 318-05 D.3.3.4 or D.3.3.5, as applicable.

4.1.8.2 Seismic Tension: For PIP and ISAT-PRPIP3812 anchors, the nominal steel strength in tension, N_{sa} , of a single anchor must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.1 or ACI 318-11 D.5.1, as applicable, for the threaded rod, not to exceed the insert nominal steel strength, $N_{sa,insert,eq}$, provided in Tables 2 and 2A, respectively; the nominal concrete breakout strength for anchors in tension must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2, as applicable, as described in Section 4.1.3 of this report; the nominal concrete side-face blowout strength must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.5.4.1 and 17.4.4.2, or ACI 318-11 D.5.4.1 and 17.4.4.2, or ACI 318-11 D.5.4.1 and D.5.4.2, as applicable, and Section 4.1.4 of this report.

For SDI and ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors, the nominal steel strength in tension, N_{sa} , of a single anchor must

be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.1 or ACI 318-11 D.5.1, as applicable, for the threaded rod, not to exceed the insert nominal steel strength, $N_{sa,insert,eq}$, provided in Table 3 and Table 3A, respectively. Calculation of the nominal concrete breakout strength in tension and the nominal concrete pullout strength is not required.

4.1.8.3 Seismic Shear: For PIP and ISAT-PRPIP3812 anchors, the nominal concrete breakout strength and pryout strength in shear must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.2 and 17.5.3, or ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3, as applicable, as described in Sections 4.1.6 and 4.1.7 of this report. In accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.1.2, as applicable, the appropriate value for nominal steel strength for seismic loads, $V_{sa,eq}$, described in Table 2 and Table 2A, respectively, must be used in lieu of V_{sa} , as applicable.

For SDI and ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors, the nominal concrete breakout strength and pryout strength in shear, calculations in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.2 and 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3, as applicable, as described in Sections 4.1.6 and 4.1.7 of this report, are not required. In accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.1.2, as applicable, the appropriate value for nominal steel strength for seismic loads, $V_{sa,deck,lower,eq}$ or $V_{sa,deck,upper,eq}$, described in Table 3 and Table 3A, respectively, for lower flute or upper flute, respectively, must be used in lieu of V_{sa} as applicable.

4.1.9 Requirements for Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: For anchors or groups of anchors that are subject to the effects of combined tension and shear forces, the influence of bending on tension values when loaded in shear must be considered. The design engineer must verify the validity of the interaction equation in ACI 318-14 17.6 or ACI 318-11 D.7, as applicable.

4.1.10 Requirements for Minimum Member Thickness, Minimum Anchor Spacing and Minimum Edge Distance: Requirements on headed cast-in specialty anchor edge distance, spacing, member thickness, and concrete strength must be in accordance with the requirements in ACI 318 as applicable for cast-in bolts.

For SDI and ISAT-PRPSDI3812 inserts installed in the soffit of sand-lightweight or normal-weight concrete over profile steel deck floor and roof assemblies, the anchors must be installed in accordance with Figure 4 and Figure 4A, respectively, and shall have a minimum axial spacing along the flute equal to $3h_{ef}$.

4.1.11 Requirements for Critical Edge Distance: The critical edge distance, c_{ac} , must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.7.2 or ACI 318-11 D.8.2, as applicable. The modification factor $\Psi_{cp,N}$ = 1.0 in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.2.5 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.5, as applicable.

4.1.12 Sand-lightweight Concrete: For ACI 318-14, 318-11 and 318-08, when the PIP and ISAT-PRPIP3812 anchors are used in sand-lightweight concrete, the modification factor λ_a or λ , respectively, for concrete breakout strength must be taken as 0.85 according to ACI 318-14 17.2.6 (2015 IBC), ACI 318-11 D.3.6 (2012 IBC) or ACI 318-08 D.3.4 (2009 IBC). For ACI 318-05, the values of N_b and V_b determined in accordance with this report must be modified in accordance with the provisions of ACI 318-05 D.3.4.

For SDI and ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts installed in the soffit of sand-lightweight concrete-filled steel deck and floor and roof assemblies, this reduction is not required. Values

4.2 Allowable Stress Design (ASD):

4.2.1 General: Design values for use with allowable stress design (working stress design) load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.3 of the IBC, must be established as follows:

T _{allowable,ASD}	=	$\frac{\phi N_n}{\alpha}$
Vallowable,ASD	=	ϕV_n

where:

α

 $T_{allowable,ASD}$ = Allowable tension load (lbf or kN).

α

- $V_{allowable,ASD}$ = Allowable shear load (lbf or kN).
- \$\phi N_n\$ = Lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in tension as determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 and 2015 IBC Section 1905.1.8, ACI 318-11, -08, -05 Appendix D, and 2009 IBC Section 1908.1.9 or 2006 IBC Section 1908.1.16, as applicable (lbf or N).
- φV_n = Lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in shear as determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 and 2015 IBC Section 1905.1.8, ACI 318-11, -08, -05 Appendix D, and 2009 IBC Section 1908.1.9 or 2006 IBC Section 1908.1.16, as applicable (lbf or N).
 - Conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling load combination. In addition, α must include all applicable factors to account for non-ductile failure modes and required overstrength.

The requirements for member thickness, edge distance and spacing, described in this report, must apply. Examples of allowable stress design values for tension and shear for illustrative purposes are shown in Tables 4, 5, 6, and 7.

4.2.2 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: For anchors or groups of anchors that are subject to the effects of combined tension and shear forces, the influence of bending on tension values when loaded in shear must be considered. The design engineer must verify the validity of the interaction equation in ACI 318-14 17.6 or ACI 318-11, -08, -05 D.7, as applicable, as follows:

For shear loads $V_{applied} \leq 0.2 V_{allowable,ASD}$, the full allowable load in tension must be permitted.

For tension loads $T_{applied} \leq 0.2T_{allowable,ASD}$, the full allowable load in shear must be permitted.

For all other cases:

$$\frac{T_{applied}}{T_{allowable,ASD}} + \frac{V_{applied}}{V_{allowable,ASD}} \le 1.2$$
(Eq-1)

4.3 Installation:

For the PIP inserts, installation parameters are provided in

Table 2 and in Figure 3 and Figure 6. PIP inserts must be positioned on wood formwork with all three nails in contact with the form. The head of the PIP must be impacted with sufficient force to drive nails all the way into the wood until the plastic base sits flush and tight against the form. From beneath the deck, following the concrete pour and wood form removal, exposed nails must be broken away and an all-thread rod must be screwed into the internal threads of the PIP. The rod must be tightened until fully seated in the insert which will result in a minimum thread engagement equal to one rod diameter.

For the ISAT-PRPIP3812 insert, installation parameters are provided in Table 2A and in Figure 3 and Figure 6A. PRPIP inserts must be positioned on wood formwork with all three nails in contact with the form. The head of the ISAT-PRPIP3812 must be impacted with sufficient force to drive nails all the way into the wood until the plastic base sits flush and tight against the form. From beneath the deck, following the concrete pour and wood form removal, exposed nails must be broken away and install the all-threaded rod into the internal threads of the ISAT-PRPIP3812. Push the threaded rod into the ISAT-PRPIP3812 insert until it bottoms out. Engagement marker on the threaded rod will seat flush with the bottom of the insert indicating proper installation. For seismic restraint anchorage, use a 1/2-inch diameter threaded rod, insert threaded rod into the steel barrel of ISAT-PRPIP3812 until threaded rod bottoms out. Optionally, after the threaded rod is inserted in the concrete insert, it can be futher tightened. Mount seismic bracket on exposed rod and flush with the underside of the deck, then install a hex nut hand tight plus 1/2 turn (minimum).

For the SDI inserts, installation parameters are provided in Table 2 and in Figure 4 and Figure 7. A hole must be made in the metal deck using a step-drill, hole saw, or deck punch in accordance with the following hole diameters: SDI143812 (¹/8-inch diameter), SDI381258 $(1^{3}/_{16}$ -inch diameter), and SDI5834 $(1^{1}/_{4}$ -inch diameter). The SDI must be placed in the hole, then the head of the insert must be impacted with sufficient force to compress the outer spring and drive the flared plastic fins completely through the hole in the metal deck. The SDI metal base plate may be screwed to the deck for additional stability (optional). Before or after SDI insertion in deck, a threaded rod must be inserted through the plastic thread protector nozzle until contact is made with the inner steel barrel. The threaded rod must then be screwed into the SDI internal threads. The rod must be tightened until fully seated in the insert, which will result in a thread engagement equal to a minimum of one rod diameter. SDI inserts are permitted to be installed in either the upper or lower flute of the metal deck. For installation in the lower flute, the maximum offset from the flute centerline to the SDI centerline must be no greater than $1^{1}/_{4}$ inches. The SDI inserts are suitable for installation anywhere across the upper flute.

For the ISAT-PRSDI3812 insert, installation parameters are provided in Table 3A and in Figure 4A and Figure 7A. A 1¹/₄-inch diameter hole must be made in the metal deck using a step-drill, hole saw, or deck punch. The ISAT-PRSDI3812 must be placed in the hole, then the head of the insert must be impacted with sufficient force to compress the outer spring and drive the flared plastic fins completely through the hole in the metal deck. The ISAT-PRSDI3812 metal base plate may be screwed to the deck for additional stability (optional). Before or after ISAT-PRSDI3812 insertion in deck, a threaded rod must be inserted through the plastic thread protector nozzle until contact is made with the inner steel barrel. Engagement marker on the threaded rod will seat flush with the bottom of the insert indicating proper installation. For seismic restraint anchorage, from beneath deck, trim away plastic nozzle flush with projectin ³/₄-inch long metal barrel of ISAT-PRSDI3812. Use a ¹/₂-inch diameter threaded rod, insert threaded rod into the steel barrel of ISAT-PRSDI3812 insert until threaded rod bottoms out, then fully tighten the threaded rod. Mount seismic bracket on exposed rod and flush with the underside of the deck, then install a hex nut hand tight plus ¹/₂ turn (minimum).

Installation of PIP, SDI, ISAT-PRPIP3812, and ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts must be in accordance with this evaluation report and the manufacturer's published installation instruction (MPII) depicted in Figures 6, 6A, 7, and 7A. In the event of a conflict between this report and the MPII, this report governs.

4.4 Special Inspection:

Periodic special inspection is required in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3 of the 2015 or 2012 IBC, or Section 1704.15 and Table 1704.4 of the 2009 IBC, or Section 1704.13 of the 2006 IBC, as applicable. For each type of headed cast-in specialty insert system, the manufacturer must submit inspection procedures to verify proper usage.

The special inspector must make periodic inspections during installation of the headed cast-in specialty inserts to verify insert type, insert dimensions, concrete type, concrete compressive strength, insert spacing, edge distances, concrete member thickness, insert embedment, threaded rod fully seated into insert, and adherence to the manufacturer's printed installation instructions. The special inspector must be present as often as required in accordance with the "statement of special inspection." Under the IBC, additional requirements as set forth in Sections 1705, 1706 and 1707 must be observed, where applicable.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The PIP, SDI, ISAT-PRPIP3812, and ISAT-PRSDI3812 concrete specialty anchors described in this report are acceptable alternatives to what is specified in the codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- **5.1** Specialty inserts are limited to dry interior locations.
- **5.2** Specialty insert sizes, dimensions, minimum embedment depths, and other installation parameters are as set forth in this report.
- **5.3** Specialty inserts must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions and this report. In case of conflict, this report governs.
- **5.4** Specialty inserts must be limited to use in cracked and uncracked normal-weight concrete and sand-lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength, *f*'_c, of 3,000 psi to 10,000 psi (20.7 MPa to 68.9 MPa) for the PIP and ISAT-PRPIP3812 inserts, and in cracked and uncracked normal-weight or sand-lightweight concrete over metal deck having a minimum specified compressive strength, *f*'_c, of 3,000 psi (20.7 MPa) for the SDI and ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts.
- **5.5** The values of f'_c used for calculation purposes must

not exceed 10,000 psi (68.9 MPa).

- **5.6** Strength design values must be established in accordance with Section 4.1 of this report.
- **5.7** Allowable design values are established in accordance with Section 4.2.
- **5.8** Specialty insert spacing and edge distance as well as minimum member thickness must comply with ACI 318-14 Section 17.7 (2015 IBC) or ACI 318 Section D.8 (2012 and 2009 IBC), as applicable, for cast-in-place headed anchors.
- **5.9** Prior to installation, calculations and details demonstrating compliance with this report must be submitted to the code official. The calculations and details must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.
- **5.10** Performance and serviceability of deflection sensitive attachments and equipment shall be addressed, when threaded rod axial deflection exists, by installing a hex nut and washer at the interface of the concrete insert and threaded rod.
- **5.11** Since an ICC-ES acceptance criteria for evaluating data to determine the performance of the specialty inserts subjected to fatigue or shock loading is unavailable at this time, the use of these inserts under such conditions is beyond the scope of this report.
- **5.12** Specialty inserts may be installed in regions of concrete where analysis indicates cracking may occur $(f_t > f_r)$, subject to the conditions of this report.
- 5.13 Specialty inserts may be used to resist short-term loading due to wind or seismic forces in locations designated as Seismic Design Categories A through F of the IBC, subject to the conditions of this report.
- **5.14** Where not otherwise prohibited in the code, PIP, SDI, ISAT-PRPIP3812, and ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts are permitted for use with fire-resistance-rated construction provided that at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- Headed cast-in specialty inserts that support a fire-resistance-rated envelope or a fireresistance-rated membrane are protected by approved fire-resistance-rated materials, or have been evaluated for resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
- Headed cast-in specialty inserts are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
- Headed cast-in specialty inserts are used to support nonstructural elements.
- **5.15** Use of zinc-coated carbon steel anchors is limited to dry, interior locations.
- **5.16** Special inspection must be provided in accordance with Section 4.4.
- 5.17 Specialty inserts are manufactured under an approved quality control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

- **6.1** Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Headed Cast-in Specialty Inserts in Concrete (AC446), dated February 2015 (editorially revised January 2016).
- 6.2 Quality control documentation.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

The inserts are identified by packaging labeled with the manufacturer's name (ISAT) and contact information, insert name, insert size, and evaluation report number (ESR-3599). The inserts have the letters ISAT PIP, ISAT SDI, ISAT-PRPIP3812, or ISAT-PRSDI3812 and the specific part number size embossed atop the head of the insert, and these are visible for verification.

ISAT	CEAS
PIP	N/A ¹
SDI	N/A ¹
ISAT-PRPIP3812	PRPIP3812
ISAT-PRSDI3812	PRSDI3812

TABLE 1—CORRELATION OF PRODUCT NAMES

 $^{1}N/A = Not Applicable.$

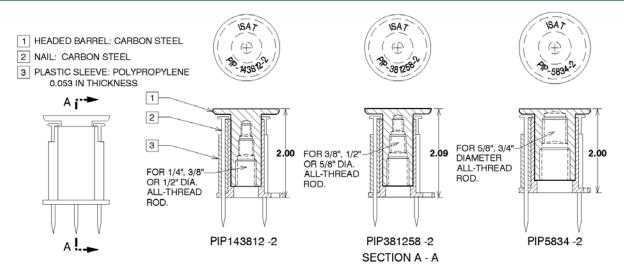


FIGURE 1—PIP CAST-IN-PLACE INSERTS FOR FORM POUR CONCRETE

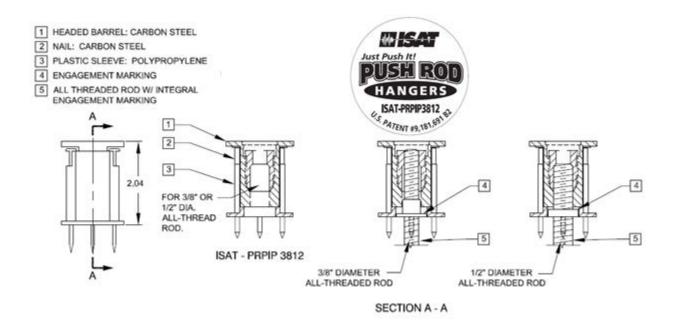
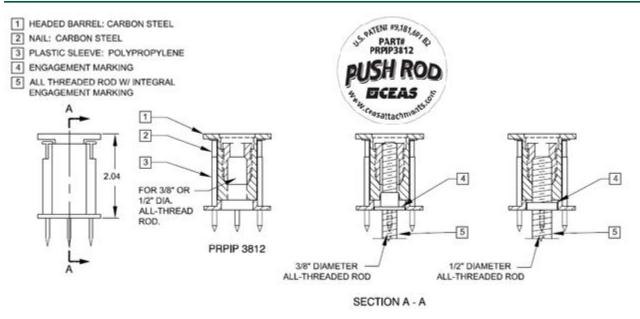


FIGURE 1A—ISAT-PRPIP3812 CAST-IN-PLACE INSERTS FOR FORM POUR CONCRETE





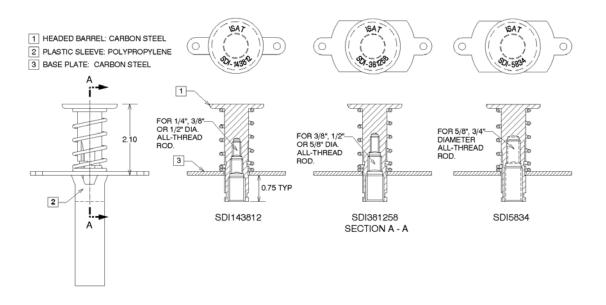


FIGURE 2-SDI CAST-IN-PLACE INSERTS FOR CONCRETE OVER METAL DECKS

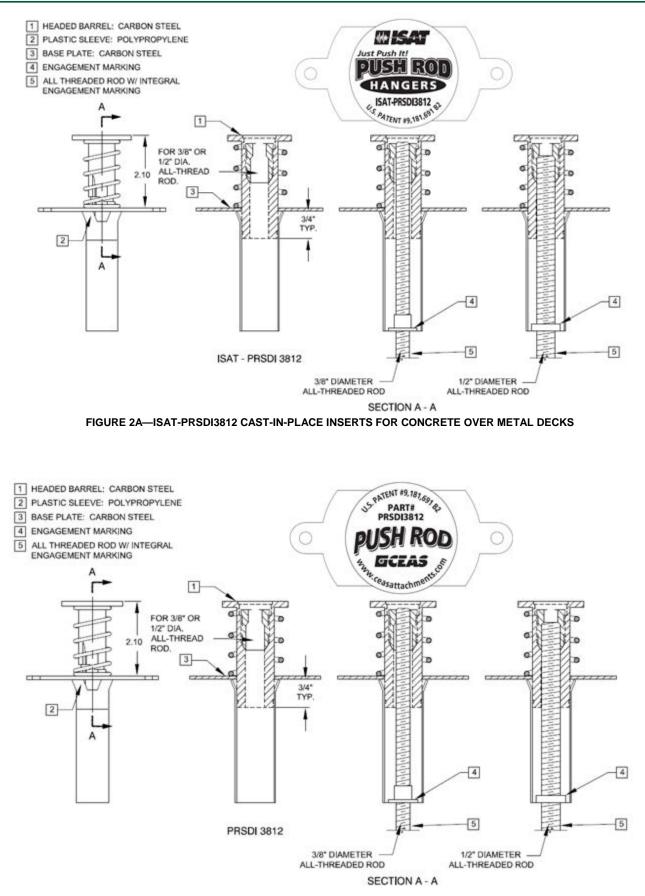


FIGURE 2B—PRSDI3812 CAST-IN-PLACE INSERTS FOR CONCRETE OVER METAL DECKS

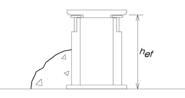


FIGURE 3—PIP AND ISAT-PRPIP3812 (PRPIP3812) INSERTS INSTALLED IN SOFFIT OF FORM POUR CONCRETE FLOOR AND ROOF ASSEMBLIES

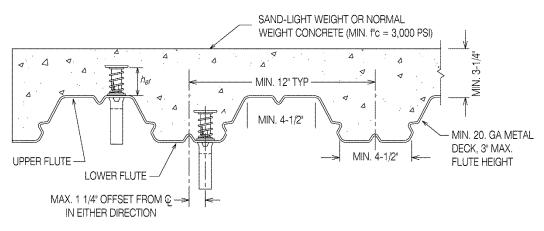


FIGURE 4—SDI INSERTS INSTALLED IN SOFFIT OF CONCRETE OVER METAL DECK FLOOR AND ROOF ASSEMBLIES^{1,2,3,4}

¹Deck inserts may be placed in the upper flute or lower flute of the steel deck assembly. Upper flute installations require a minimum $\frac{3}{4}$ " concrete cover above the head of the insert. Inserts in the lower flute may be installed with a maximum $\frac{1}{4}$ " offset in either direction from the center of the flute. Inserts in upper flute may be installed anywhere across upper flute. ²Axial spacing along the flute length shall be minimum $3h_{ef}$.

³Upper flute SDI inserts not subject to metal pan deck dimension limitations or minimum gauge (tension only) limitations.

⁴Lower flute installations in flute widths less than 4 ½" allowed if the following three conditions are met: 1) the application is limited to tension only; 2) insert meets cover requirements in ACI 318-14 Section 20.6.1 or ACI 318-11, Section 7.7; 3) applicable edge effects ($\Psi_{ed,N}$) are considered.

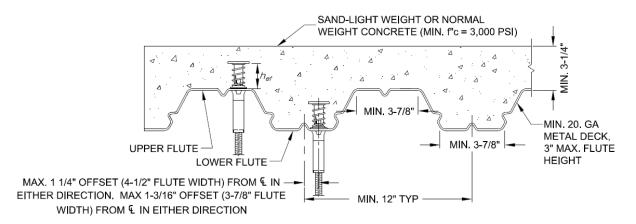


FIGURE 4A—ISAT-PRSDI8312 (PRSDI3812) INSERTS INSTALLED IN SOFFIT OF CONCRETE OVER METAL DECK FLOOR AND ROOF ASSEMBLIES^{1,2,3,4}

¹Deck inserts may be placed in the upper flute or lower flute of the steel deck assembly. Upper flute installations require a minimum $\frac{3}{4}$ " concrete cover above the head of the insert. Inserts in the lower flute may be installed with a maximum offset, as shown in Figure 4A, in either direction from the center of the flute. Inserts in upper flute may be installed anywhere across upper flute. ²Axial spacing along the flute length shall be minimum $3h_{ef}$.

³Upper flute PRSDI inserts not subject to metal pan deck dimension limitations or minimum gauge (tension only) limitations.

⁴Lower flute installations in flute widths less than $3^{7}/_{8}$ " allowed if the following three conditions are met: 1) the application is limited to tension only; 2) insert meets cover requirements in ACI 318-14 Section 20.6.1 or ACI 318-11, Section 7.7; 3) applicable edge effects ($\Psi_{ed,N}$) are considered.

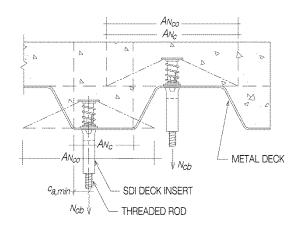


FIGURE 5—IDEALIZATION OF CONCRETE ON DECK FOR DETERMINATION OF CONCRETE BREAKOUT STRENGTH IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACI 318

DESIGN INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	PIP143812-2	PIP381258-2	PIP5834-2
Insert O.D.	d _a (d _o)	in. (mm)	0.811 (20.6)	1.000 (25.4)	1.102 (28.0)
Effective embedment depth	h _{ef}	in. (mm)	1.875 (47.6)	1.954 (49.6)	1.875 (47.6)
Insert steel characterization	-	-	Non-ductile	Non-ductile	Non-ductile
Modification factor for insert tension strength for inserts located in a region of a concrete member where analysis indicates no cracking at service load levels.	$\Psi_{c,\scriptscriptstyle N}$	-	1.25	1.25	1.25
Nominal tension strength of single insert in tension as governed by steel strength	N _{sa,insert}	lb (kN)	8,415 (37.4)	16,755 (74.5)	18,685 (83.1)
Nominal seismic tension strength of single insert in tension as governed by steel strength	N _{sa,insert,eq}	lb (kN)	7,695 (34.2)	8,195 (36.4)	7,695 (34.2)
Nominal steel shear strength of single insert	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	6,810 (30.3)	8,210 (36.5)	8,760 (39.0)
Nominal steel shear strength of single insert for seismic loading	V _{sa,eq}	lb (KN)	6,810 (30.3)	8,210 (36.5)	8,760 (39.0)

TABLE 2—PIP ANCHOR DESIGN INFORMATION^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8}

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 pound = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.006895 MPa. For pound-inch unit: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches.

¹Concrete must be normal weight concrete with *f*'c of 3,000 psi minimum. Installation must comply with Sections 4.1.10 and 4.3, and Figure 6 of this report.

²Only the largest size of threaded rod specified for each insert must be used for applications resisting shear loads.

³Design of headed cast-in specialty inserts shall be in accordance with the provisions of ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D for cast-in headed anchors. The value of \mathbf{k}_{c} shall be in accordance with the value for cast-in anchors in ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2.

⁴Strength reduction factors shall be taken from ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 for cast-in headed anchors.

⁵Strength reduction factor for load combinations of ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 governed by steel strength shall be taken as 0.65 for tension and 0.60 for shear.

⁶The concrete tension strength of headed cast-in specialty inserts shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D and Figure 1.

⁷Insert OD is the outside diameter of the plastic sleeve.

⁸The strengths shown in the table are for inserts only. Design professional is responsible for checking threaded rod strength in tension, shear, and combined tension and shear, as applicable.

TABLE 2A—ISAT-PRPIP3812 ANCHOR DESIGN INFORMATION ^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8}
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DESIGN INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	ISAT-F	PRPIP3812
Nominal All Threaded Rod diameter (in.) and Installation Condition	-	in.	³ / ₈	¹ / ₂
Insert O.D.	d _a (d _o)	in. (mm)		l.120 28.4)
Insert effective embedment depth	h _{ef}	in. (mm)		1.954 49.6)
Insert steel characterization	-	-	D	Ductile
Modification factor for insert tension strength for inserts located in a region of a concrete member where analysis indicates no cracking at service load levels.	$\psi_{c,N}$	-		1.25
Nominal tension strength of single insert in tension as governed by steel strength	N _{sa,insert}	lb (kN)	3,910 (17.4)	7,220 (32.1)
Nominal seismic tension strength of single insert in tension as governed by steel strength	N _{sa,insert,eq}	lb (kN)	3,910 (17.4)	7,220 (32.1)
Nominal steel shear strength of single insert	V _{sa}	lb (kN)	N/A ⁹	4,370 (19.4)
Nominal steel shear strength of single insert for seismic loading	V _{sa,eq}	lb (KN)	N/A ⁹	4,370 (19.4)

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 pound = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.006895 MPa. For pound-inch unit: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches.

¹Concrete must be normal weight concrete with fc of 3,000 psi minimum. Installation must comply with Sections 4.1.10 and 4.3, and Figure 6A of this report.

²Only the largest size of threaded rod specified for each insert must be used for applications resisting shear loads.

³Design of headed cast-in specialty inserts shall be in accordance with the provisions of ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D for cast-in headed anchors. The value of kc shall be in accordance with the value for cast-in anchors in ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2.

⁴Strength reduction factors shall be taken from ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 for cast-in headed anchors.

⁵Strength reduction factors shall be taken from ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACi 318-11 D.4.3, as applicatble, for steel elements. Strength reduction factor for load combinations of ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, governed by steel strength of ductile steel elements shall be taken as 0.75 for tension and 0.65 for shear.

⁶The concrete tension strength of headed cast-in specialty inserts shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D and Figure 2.

⁷Insert OD is the outside diameter of the plastic sleeve.

⁸The strengths shown in the table are limited to ISAT-PRPIP3812 inserts with ASTM A307 Grade A threaded rods (or materially equivalent). Design professional is responsible for checking threaded rod strength in tension, shear, and combined tension and shear, as applicable. ⁹ N/A = Not Applicable.

DESIGN INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	SDI143812 ⁹	SDI381258	SDI5834
Insert O.D. ⁷	d _a (d _o)	in. (mm)	0.940 (23.9)	1.160 (29.5)	1.290 (32.8)
Effective embedment depth	h _{ef}	in. (mm)	1.980 (50.3)	1.980 (50.3)	1.980 (50.3)
Insert steel characterization	-	-	Non-ductile	Non-ductile	Non-ductile
Modification factor for insert tension strength for inserts located in a region of a concrete member where analysis indicates no cracking at service load levels.	$oldsymbol{arphi}_{c,N}$	-	1.25	1.25	1.25
Nominal tension strength of single insert in tension as governed by steel strength	N _{sa,insert}	lb (kN)	10,085 (44.9)	16,655 (74.1)	14,200 (63.2)
Nominal seismic tension strength of single insert in tension as governed by steel strength	N _{sa,insert,eq}	lb (kN)	7,920 (35.2)	7,920 (35.2)	7,920 (35.2)
Nominal steel shear strength of single insert in the soffit of concrete on metal deck, lower flute	V _{sa,deck,lower}	lb (kN)	3,105 (13.8)	2,610 (11.6)	3,345 (14.9)
Nominal steel shear strength of single insert in the soffit of concrete on metal deck, upper flute	V _{sa,deck,upper}	lb (kN)	3,500 (15.6)	1,710 (7.6)	5,565 (24.8)
Nominal steel shear strength of single insert in the soffit of concrete on metal deck, for seismic loading, lower flute	V _{sa,deck,lower,eq}	lb (kN)	3,105 (13.8)	2,610 (11.6)	3,345 (14.9)
Nominal steel shear strength of single insert in the soffit of concrete on metal deck, for seismic loading, upper flute	V _{sa,deck,upper,eq}	lb (kN)	3,500 (15.6)	1,710 (7.6)	5,565 (24.8)

TABLE 3—SDI ANCHOR DESIGN INFORMATION^{1,2,3,4,5,6,8}

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 pound = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.006895 MPa. For pound-inch unit: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches.

¹Concrete must be normal weight or lightweight concrete with f'c of 3,000 psi minimum. Installation must comply with Sections 4.1.10 and 4.3, and Figure 7 of this report. ²Only the largest size of the threaded rod specified for each insert must be used for applications resisting shear loads.

³Design of headed cast-in specialty inserts shall be in accordance with the provisions of ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D for cast-in headed anchors. The value of k_c shall be in accordance with the value for cast-in anchors in ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2.

⁴Strength reduction factors shall be taken from ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 for cast-in headed anchors.

⁵Strength reduction factor for load combinations of ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2 governed by steel strength shall be taken as 0.65 for tension and 0.60 for shear.

⁶The concrete tension strength of headed cast-in specialty inserts in the soffit of concrete on metal deck assemblies shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D and Figure 5.

⁷Insert OD is the outside diameter of the spring.

⁸The strengths shown in the table are for inserts only. Design professional is responsible for checking threaded rod strength in tension, shear, combined tension and shear, and with the influence of bending on tension values when loaded in shear, as applicable.

⁹Threaded rods used with the SDI143812 in tension shall have maximum tensile strengths, f_{uta} ,as follows: ³/₈ -inch diameter 105,000 psi (725 MPa); ¹/₂ -inch diameter 60,000 psi (415 MPa).

DESIGN INFORMATION	SYMBOL	UNITS	ISAT-PR	SDI3812
Nominal All Threaded Rod diameter (in) and Installation Condition	-	In.	³ / ₈	1/2
Insert O.D. ⁷	d _a (d _o)	in. (mm)		243 I.6)
Effective embedment depth	h _{ef}	in. (mm)		980 0.3)
Insert steel characterization	-	-	Due	ctile
Modification factor for insert tension strength for inserts located in a region of a concrete member where analysis indicates no cracking at service load levels.	$\Psi_{c,N}$	-	1.	25
Nominal tension strength of single insert in tension as governed by steel strength	N _{sa,insert}	lb (kN)	2,275 (10.1)	7,930 (35.3)
Nominal seismic tension strength of single insert in tension as governed by steel strength	N _{sa,insert,eq}	lb (kN)	2,275 (10.1)	7,930 (35.3)
Nominal steel shear strength of single insert in the soffit of concrete on metal deck, lower flute	V _{sa,deck,lower}	lb (kN)	N/A ⁹	2,380 (10.6)
Nominal steel shear strength of single insert in the soffit of concrete on metal deck, for seismic loading, lower flute	$V_{sa,deck,lower,eq}$	lb (kN)	N/A ⁹	2,380 (10.6)
Nominal steel shear strength of single insert in the soffit of concrete on metal deck, upper flute	V _{sa,deck,upper}	lb (kN)	N/A ⁹ 4,370 (19.4)	
Nominal steel shear strength of single insert in the soffit of concrete on metal deck, for seismic loading, upper flute	$V_{sa,deck,upper,eq}$	lb (kN)	N/A ⁹	4,370 (19.4)

TABLE 3A—ISAT-PRSDI3812 ANCHOR DESIGN INFORMATION^{1,2,3,4,5,6,8}

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 pound = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.006895 MPa. For pound-inch unit: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches.

¹Concrete must be normal weight or sand-lightweight concrete with *f* c of 3,000 psi minimum. Installation must comply with Sections 4.1.10 and 4. 3, and Figure 7A of this report.

²Only the largest size of the threaded rod specified for each insert must be used for applications resisting shear loads.

³Design of headed cast-in specialty inserts shall be in accordance with the provisions of ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D for cast-in headed anchors. The value of \mathbf{k}_{c} shall be in accordance with the value for cast-in anchors in ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2.

⁴Strength reduction factors shall be taken from ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 for cast-in headed anchors.

⁵Strength reduction factors shall be taken from ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable, for steel elements. Strength reduction factor for load combinations of ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, governed by steel strength of ductile steel elements shall be taken as 0.75 for tension and 0.65 for shear. ^bThe concrete tension strength of headed cast-in specialty inserts in the soffit of concrete on metal deck

⁶The concrete tension strength of headed cast-in specialty inserts in the soffit of concrete on metal deck assemblies shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D and Figure 5.

⁷Insert OD is the outside diameter of the spring.

⁸The strengths shown in the table are liminted to ISAT-PRSDI3812 inserts with ASTM A307 Grade A (or materially equivalent). Design professional is responsible for checking threaded rod strength in tension, shear, combined tension and shear, and with the influence of bending on tension values when loaded in shear, as applicable.

⁹ N/A = Not Applicable.

TABLE 4—EXAMPLE ASD ALLOWABLE TENSION DESIGN VALUES FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12}

THREADED ROD DIAMETER (in.)	PIP143812-2 (lbs)	PIP381258-2 (lbs)	PIP5834-2 (lbs)	SDI143812 (lbs)	SDI381258 (lbs)	SDI5834 (Ibs)
1/4	1,820	NA	NA	985	NA	NA
³ / ₈	1,820	1,935	NA	985	985	NA
1/2	1,820	1,935	NA	985	985	NA
⁵ / ₈	NA	1,935	1,820	NA	985	985
³ / ₄	NA	NA	1,820	NA	NA	985

For **SI:** 1 pound = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa. For pound-inch unit: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

¹Concrete f'c = 3000 psi normal weight concrete for PIP anchors; f'_c = 3000 psi light weight or normal concrete for SDI anchors at lower flute.

²Single anchors with static tension load. Installation must be in accordance with Figure 3 for PIP inserts and Figure 4 for SDI anchors. ³Concrete determined to remain uncracked for the life of the anchorage.

⁴Load combinations from ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 (no seismic loading).

⁵30% dead load and 70% live load, controlling load combination 1.2D + 1.6 L.

⁶Calculation of the weighted average for $\alpha = 0.3*1.2 + 0.7*1.6 = 1.48$.

⁷Assuming no edge distance influence with $\Psi_{ed,N}$ = 1.0 and no side-face blowout in tension for PIP and upper flute SDI anchors.

⁸Edge distance $\Psi_{ed,N} = 0.7+0.3c_{a,min}/1.5h_{ef} = 0.8$ for lower flute SDI anchors, see Figure 5.

 h^{9} h ≥ h_{min} according to ACI 318-14 17.7 or ACI 318-11 D.8.

¹⁰Values are for Condition B where supplementary reinforcement in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 is not provided.

¹¹NA (not applicable) denotes that this value is not applicable for design.

¹²The allowable loads shown in the table are for inserts only. For PIP anchors, design professional is responsible for checking threaded rod strength in tension, shear, and combined tension and shear, as applicable. For SDI anchors, design professional is responsible for checking threaded rod in tension, shear, and with the influence of bending on tension values when loaded in shear, additionally.

THREADED ROD DIAMETER (in.)	PIP143812-2 (lbs)	PIP381258-2 (lbs)	PIP5834-2 (lbs)	SDI143812 (lbs)	SDI381258 (lbs)	SDI5834 (Ibs)
1⁄4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
³ / ₈	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1/2	1,820	NA	NA	1,260	NA	NA
⁵ / ₈	NA	1,940	NA	NA	1,060	NA
³ / ₄	NA	NA	1,820	NA	NA	1,355

TABLE 5—EXAMPLE ASD ALLOWABLE SHEAR DESIGN VALUE FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12}

For SI: 1 pound = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa. For pound-inch unit: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

¹Concrete f'c = 3000 psi normal weight concrete for PIP anchors; f'_c = 3000 psi light weight or normal concrete for SDI anchors at lower flute.

²Single anchors with static shear load. Installation must be in accordance with Figure 3 for PIP anchors and Figure 4 for SDI anchors. ³For shear application, the largest size of threaded rod specified for each insert must be used.

⁴Concrete determined to remain uncracked for the life of the anchorage.

⁵Load combinations from ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 (no seismic loading).

⁶30% dead load and 70% live load, controlling load combination 1.2D + 1.6 L.

⁷Calculation of the weighted average for $\alpha = 0.3^{*}1.2 + 0.7^{*}1.6 = 1.48$.

⁸Assuming no need for checking concrete breakout in shear for PIP with edge distance c_{a1} larger enough so V_b does not control. ⁹h ≥ h_{min} according to ACI 318-14 17.7 or ACI 318-11 D.8.

¹⁰Values are for Condition B where supplementary reinforcement in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 is not provided.

¹¹NA (Not applicable) denotes that this value is not applicable for design.

¹²The allowable loads shown in the table are for inserts only. For PIP anchors, design professional is responsible for checking threaded rod strength in tension, shear, and combined tension and shear, as applicable. For SDI anchors, design professional is responsible for checking threaded rod strength in tension, shear, combined tension and shear, and with the influence of bending on tension values when loaded in shear, as applicable.

TABLE 6—EXAMPLE ASD ALLOWABLE TENSION DESIGN VALUE FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11}

THREADED ROD DIAMETER (in.)	ISAT-PRPIP3812 (lbs)	ISAT-PRSDI3812 (lbs)
³ / ₈	1,698	840
1/2	1,698	840

For SI: 1 pound = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa. For pound-inch unit: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

¹Concrete fc = 3,000 psi normal weight concrete for ISAT-PRPIP3812 anchors; $f'_c = 3,000$ psi light weight or normal concrete for ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors at lower flute.

²Single anchors with static tension load. Installation must be in accordance with Figure 3 for ISAT-PRPIP3812 inserts and Figure 4A for ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors.

³Concrete determined to remain uncracked for the life of the anchorage.

⁴Load combinations from ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 (no seismic loading).

⁵30% dead load and 70% live load, controlling load combination 1.2D + 1.6 L.

⁶Calculation of the weighted average for $\alpha = 0.3*1.2 + 0.7*1.6 = 1.48$.

⁷Assuming no edge distance influence with $\Psi_{ed,N}$ = 1.0 and no side-face blowout in tension for ISAT-PRPIP3812 and upper flute ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors.

⁸Edge distance $\Psi_{ed,N}$ = 0.7+0.3c_{a,min}/1.5h_{ef} = 0.8 for lower flute ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors, see Figure 5.

 9 h ≥ h_{min} according to ACI 318-14 17.7 or ACI 318-11 D.8.

¹⁰Values are for Condition B where supplementary reinforcement in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 is not provided. ¹¹The allowable loads shown in the table are for inserts only. For ISAT-PRPIP3812 anchors, design professional is responsible for checking threaded rod strength in tension, shear, and combined tension and shear, as applicable. For ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors, design professional is responsible for checking threaded rod in tension, shear, and with the influence of bending on tension values when loaded in shear, additionally.

TABLE 7—EXAMPLE ASD ALLOWABLE SHEAR DESIGN VALUE FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES^{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12}

THREADED ROD DIAMETER (in.)	ISAT-PRPIP3812 (lbs)	ISAT-PRSDI3812 (lbs)
³ / ₈	N/A	N/A
1/2	1,698	965

For SI: 1 pound = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa, 1 psi = 0.00689 MPa. For pound-inch unit: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

¹Concrete fc = 3,000 psi normal weight concrete for PIP anchors; $f'_c = 3,000$ psi light weight or normal concrete for SDI anchors at lower flute. ²Single anchors with static shear load. Installation must be in accordance to Figure 3 for ISAT-PRPIP3812 anchors and Figure 4A for ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors.

³For shear application, the largest size of threaded rod specified for each insert must be used.

⁴Concrete determined to remain uncracked for the life of the anchorage.

⁵Load combinations from ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 (no seismic loading).

 $^630\%$ dead load and 70% live load, controlling load combination 1.2D + 1.6 L.

⁷Calculation of the weighted average for $\alpha = 0.3^{*}1.2 + 0.7^{*}1.6 = 1.48$.

⁸Assuming no need for checking concrete breakout in shear for ISAT-PRPIP3812 with edge distance c_{a1} larger enough so V_b does not control. ⁹ $h \ge h_{min}$ according to ACI 318-14 17.7 or ACI 318-11 D.8.

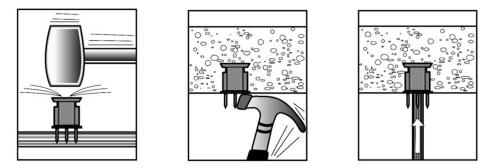
¹⁰Values are for Condition B where supplementary reinforcement in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 is not provided. ¹¹N/A (Not applicable) denotes that this value is not applicable for design.

¹²The allowable loads shown in the table are for inserts only. For ISAT-PRPIP3812 anchors, design professional is responsible for checking threaded rod strength in tension, shear, and combined tension and shear, as applicable. For ISAT-PRSDI3812 anchors, design professional is responsible for checking threaded rod strength in tension, shear, combined tension and shear, and with the influence of bending on tension values when loaded in shear, as applicable.



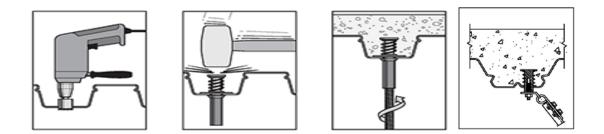
1. Position on wood form. Impact PIP driving nails all the way into wood until plastic base sits flush and tight against form. 2. After concrete pour and wood form removal, break away exposed nails. 3. <u>Vertical Support Anchorage</u>: Screw threaded rod into PIP and tighten rod until fully seated. 4. <u>Seismic Restraint Anchorage</u>: Using the largest rod diameter that the insert will accept, insert threaded rod fastener into threads of steel barrel. Tighten rod until fully seated. Mount seismic bracket on exposed rod and flush with underside of deck. Install hex nut hand tight plus ½ turn minimum.

FIGURE 6—PIP INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



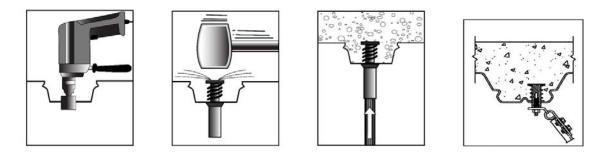
1. Position on wood form. Impact ISAT-PRPIP3812 (PRPIP3812) driving nails all the way into wood until plastic base sits flush and tight against form. 2. After concrete pour and wood form removal, break away exposed nails. 3. <u>Vertical Support Anchorage</u>: Push threaded rod into ISAT-PRPIP3812 (PRPIP3812) until thread rod bottoms out. Engagement marker on the threaded rod will seat flush with the bottom of the insert indicating proper installation. 4. <u>Seismic Restraint Anchorage</u>: Using ½" diameter threaded rod can be tightened into the ISAT-PRPIP3812 insert. Mount seismic bracket on exposed rod and flush with underside of deck. Install hex nut hand tight plus ½ turn minimum.

FIGURE 6A—ISAT-PRPIP3812 INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



1. Make hole in metal deck of following diameter using step-driller, hole saw or deck punch: SDI143812 (7/8" dia.), SDI381258 (1 3/16" dia.), SDI3834 (1 ¼" dia.). 2. Position SDI in hole. Impact head with sufficient force to compress spring and drive flared plastic fins completely thru hole. Screw attach SDI metal base plate to deck for additional stability (optional). 3. <u>Vertical Support Anchorage:</u> Insert threaded rod through finned plastic nozzle until contact with steel barrel. Engage SDI internal threads. Tighten rod until fully seated. 4. <u>Seismic Restraint Anchorage:</u> From beneath deck, trim away plastic nozzle flush with projecting ¾" long metal barrel of SDI. Using the largest rod diameter that the insert will accept, insert threaded rod fastener into threads of steel barrel. Tighten rod until fully seated. Mount seismic bracket on exposed rod and up against insert barrel. Install hex nut hand tight plus ½ turn minimum.

FIGURE 7—SDI INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS



1. Make hole in metal deck of following diameter using step-driller, hole saw or deck punch: ISAT-PRSDI3812 (1 ¼" dia.). 2. Position ISAT-PRSDI3812 (PRSDI3812) in hole. Impact head with sufficient force to compress spring and drive flared plastic fins completely thru hole. Screw attach PRSDI metal base plate to deck for additional stability (optional). 3. <u>Vertical Support Anchorage</u>: Insert threaded rod through finned plastic nozzle until contact with steel barrel. Engage ISAT-PRSDI3812 internal threads. Engagement marker on the threaded rod will seat flush with the bottom of the insert indicating proper installation. 4. <u>Seismic Restraint Anchorage</u>: From beneath deck, trim away plastic nozzle flush with projecting ¾" long metal barrel of ISAT-PRSDI3812 (PRSDI3812). Using ½" diameter threaded rod, insert threaded rod fastener into threads of steel barrel until threaded rod bottoms out, then fully tighten the threaded rod. Mount seismic bracket on exposed rod and up against insert barrel. Install hex nut hand tight plus ½ turn minimum.

FIGURE 7A—ISAT-PRSDI3812 INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Given:

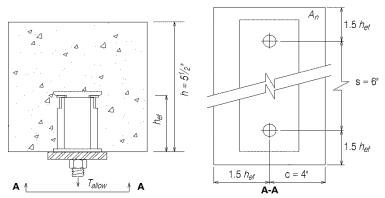
Two $^{1}\!/_{2}$ -inch ASTM A193 B7 threaded rods with PIP143812-2 under static tension load.

Normal weight concrete, f'_c = 3,000 psi

No supplementary reinforcement (Condition B per ACI 318-11 D.4.3 c)

Assume cracked concrete since no other information is available.

Needed: Using Allowable Stress Design (ASD) calculate the allowable tension load for this configuration.



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Calculation per ACI 318-11 Appendix D and this report.	Code Ref.	Report Ref.
Step 1. Calculate steel capacity: $\emptyset N_{sa} = \emptyset A_{se,N} f_{uta} x 2 = 0.65 x 0.142 in.^2 x 125 ksi x2 = 23,075 lb for (2) anchorsNot to exceed \emptyset N_{sa,insert} = 0.65 x 8415 lb x 2 = 5,470 lb x 2 = 10,940 for (2) anchors$		§4.1.2 Table 1
Step 2. Calculate concrete breakout strength of anchor in tension:		
$\mathbf{N}_{cbg} = \frac{\mathbf{A}_{Nc}}{\mathbf{A}_{Nco}} \boldsymbol{\psi}_{ec,N} \boldsymbol{\psi}_{ed,N} \boldsymbol{\psi}_{c,N} \boldsymbol{\psi}_{cp,N} \boldsymbol{N}_{b}$	D.5.2.1	§ 4.1.3
Step 2a. Verify minimum member thickness, spacing, and edge distance:		
h_{ef} = 1.874 in. ≤ 6 in. – concrete clear cover = 6" – ¾" = 5 ¼" ∴ Ok	D.8	Table 1 Fig. 3
Spacing (s) = 6 in. > $4d_a = 4 \times 0.811$ in. = 3.2 in. \therefore Ok		1 ig. 5
Edge distance = 4 in. > cover distance required for the corresponding rebar. \therefore Ok		
Step 2b. Calculate A_{Nco} and A_{Nc} for the anchorage:		
$A_{Nco} = 9h_{ef}^2 = 9 \times (1.874 \text{ in.})^2 = 31.6 \text{ in.}^2$	D.5.2.1	
No overlapping breakout cone: $A_{Nc} = 2A_{Nco}$		
Step 2c. Determine $\psi_{ec,N}$: $e_N = 0 \therefore \psi_{ec,N} = 1.0$	D.5.2.4	
Step 2d. Calculate $N_b: N_b = k_{cr} \lambda_a \sqrt{f_c'} h_{ef}^{1.5} = 24 \times 1.0 \times \sqrt{3,000} \times 1.875^{1.5} = 3,372$ lb	D.5.2.2	
Step 2e. Calculate modification factor for edge distance: $c_{a,min} = 4$ in. > 1.5 h_{ef} , so $\psi_{ed,N} = 1.0$	D.5.2.5	
Step 2f. Calculate modification factor for cracked concrete: $\psi_{c,N}$ =1.0 (cracked concrete)	D.5.2.6	
Step 2g. Calculate modification factor for splitting: $\psi_{_{cp,N}}$ =1.0 (for cast-in anchor)	D.5.2.7	
Step 2h. Calculate ϕN_{cbg} : ϕN_{cbg} =0.7 × $\frac{63.2}{31.6}$ × 1.0 × 1.0 × 1.0 x 3,372 = 4,721 lb	D.5.2.1	§ 4.1.3
Step 3. Check face-side breakout strength: h_{ef} < 2.5 c _{a1} , no check required.	D.5.4	§ 4.1.4
Step 4. Controlling strength: $\phi N_{cbg} = 4721 \text{ lb} < \phi N_{sa} \therefore \phi N_{cbg}$ controls		
Step 5. To convert to ASD, assume U = 1.2D + 1.6L: $T_{ASD} = \frac{4,721}{1.48} = 3,190$ lb		§ 4.2

FIGURE 8—EXAMPLE CALCULATION